UniTerm® Payment Interface Application

UniTerm Integration and Deployment Guide

Revision: 8.0.1

Publication date September 28, 2015

UniTerm Integration and Deployment Guide

Main Street Softworks, Inc.

Revision: 8.0.1

Publication date September 28, 2015 Copyright © 2015 Main Street Softworks, Inc.

Legal Notice

The information contained herein is provided *As Is* without warranty of any kind, express or implied, including but not limited to, the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose. There is no warranty that the information or the use thereof does not infringe a patent, trademark, copyright, or trade secret.

Main Street Softworks, Inc. shall not be liable for any direct, special, incidental, or consequential damages resulting from the use of any information contained herein, whether resulting from breach of contract, breach of warranty, negligence, or otherwise, even if Main Street has been advised of the possibility of such damages. Main Street reserves the right to make changes to the information contained herein at anytime without notice. No part of this document may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, for any purpose, without the express written permission of Main Street Softworks, Inc.

Table of Contents

	Revision History	
2.	UniTerm System	2
	2.1. Overview	. 2
	2.2. UniTerm Architecture	. 2
	2.3. Design Decisions	. 3
3.	UniTerm Integration and Deployment Overview	4
	3.1. Deployment	. 4
	3.2. Versioning	. 4
	3.2.1. Version Scheme	. 4
	3.2.2. Wildcard Versioning	5
	3.3. Licensing	. 5
	3.3.1. Registration	
	3.3.2. Device Definition	. 5
	3.3.3. Management	. 6
	3.4. Starting UniTerm	. 6
	3.4.1. Command Line Options	
	3.5. Multiple Instances	
	3.6. Swapping Devices	
	3.7. Configuration Files	
	3.7.1. Location	
	3.7.2. Parameters	
	3.8. Communication	10
	3.8.1. Network Communication	10
	3.8.2. Android Service Communication	
	3.9. Shutting Down UniTerm	
	3.10. Required User Permissions	
4.	UniTerm Protocol	
	4.1. Overview	
	4.2. UniTerm Request Parameters	
	4.3. UniTerm Response Parameters	
	4.4. UniTerm Error Codes	
5.	EMV transactions with UniTerm	
	5.1. Transaction Flow and Prompting	
	5.1.1. Swipe prompts to insert	
	5.1.2. Tap prompts to insert	
	5.1.3. Insert prompts to swipe	
	5.1.4. PIN required on Credit Cards	
	5.1.5. Signature not requested	
	5.1.6. Tap transaction run as MSR on chip card, no insert requested	
	5.1.7. Immediate decline without contacting the processor	
	5.2. Common questions	
	5.2.1. How do I add a gratuity/tip to a transaction?	
6	UniTerm Protocol Examples	
υ.	6.1. EMV Transaction [device load]	
	6.1.1. Uniterm Request Data	
	6.1.2. Uniterm Response Data	
	0.1.2. UIIIGIII RESPONSE Data	44

UniTerm Integration and Deployment Guide

6.2. EMV Transaction [Interac]	23
6.2.1. Uniterm Request Data	23
6.2.2. Uniterm Response Data	23
6.3. Pin Debit (forced) Transaction Request	24
6.3.1. Uniterm Request Data	24
6.3.2. GUI output	25
6.3.3. Uniterm Response Data	25
7. UniTerm Test Application	26
8. UniTerm Code Examples	27
9. UniTerm Point of Interaction Devices	
9.1. Supported POI Devices	28
9.1.1. Ingenico RBA information	29
9.1.2. Verifone VX XPI information	32
9.1.3. Ingenico CPX/uCPX information	32
10. Certifications and Device Configurations	34
10.1. Certification List	34
10.2. Configuration Definitions	35
A. UniTerm Device Loading	37
B. EMV Receipt Requirements	39
B.1. Receipt content	39
B.1.1. Base receipt content	39
B.2. Receipt Data Returned by UniTerm	40
B.3. Receipt Data NOT Returned by UniTerm	43
B.4. Signature Line Requirements	44
B.5. Merchant vs Customer Copy	44
B.6. Moneris Requirements	45
B.7. Receipt Examples	
B.7.1. EMV Insert, Signature Required	45
B.7.2. EMV Insert, PIN Verified	49
B.7.3. EMV Insert, No CVM	52
B.7.4. EMV Insert, Card Decline	55
B.7.5. EMV Insert, Card Removed (Decline)	57
B.7.6. EMV Insert, Interac	59
B.7.7. EMV Contactless, Interac Flash Decline	62
B.7.8. EMV Contactless, Decline	64
C. UniTerm Code Examples	66
C.1. Microsoft C# using libmonetra	66
C.2. Microsoft C# using XML and HttpWebRequest	70
C.3. Java using libmonetra	75
C.4. PHP using libmonetra	79
C.5. Microsoft VB.Net using libmonetra	
C.6. Microsoft VBScript using XML and MSXML2	88
C.7. Microsoft Visual Basic 6 using libmonetra	
D. PCI Security and Implementation	97

1 Revision History

Version	Date	Changes
Version v8.0.1	Date 2015-09-28	 Re-word and clarify configuration information for Ingenico RBA Clarify fields can be sent in to pre-populate key entry fields in GUI mode. Receipt should show "CALL ISSUER" for a response code of "CALL". Cardholder Name on receipts can be printed under the signature line. Document how to configure an RBA device for contactless. Remove unused monetra_host and monetra_port variables in example code. Add touchscreen mode support via [uniterm] config option of guimode=touchscreen. SSL is no longer a valid communication option for Android. Only Service communication is allowed.
		 Add ssl_auth_key and ssl_auth_cert configuration parameters for the [monetra] section. Add ssl_cert_validate configuration parameter for the [monetra] section. Add ssl_cadir configuration parameter for the [monetra] section. Verifone recommended XPI version updated to 8.24D. Ingenico recommended RBA version updated to 15.06. Ingenico RBA added support for USB-HID. Update receipt examples to the latest generated by UniTerm Tester.
v8.0.0	2015-08-17	Initial revision

2 UniTerm System

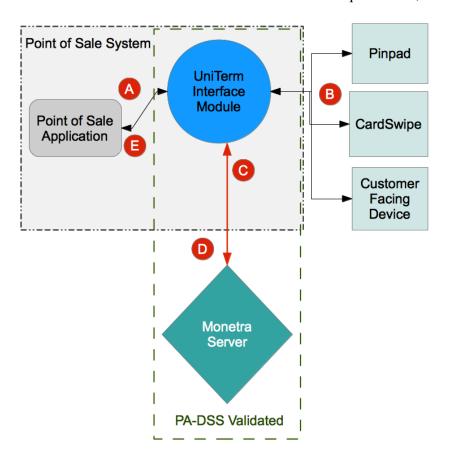
2.1.	Overview	2
2.2.	UniTerm Architecture	2
2.3.	Design Decisions	3

2.1 Overview

Uniterm securely handles sensitive cardholder data independent of the merchants application software. In addition, UniTerm provides a simple consistent interface to multiple payment acceptance devices such as card readers, pinpads and terminals.

2.2 UniTerm Architecture

The UniTerm module is accessed via its 'Transaction Request' mode, as described below:



Point of sale application calls UniTerm for txnrequest (such as a sale transaction request) and includes basic information such as the amount of the sale and an order-number.
UniTerm communicates with devices (such as pinpads and card readers) to retrieve sensitive data, depending on request type (step A).

С	UniTerm sends the full transaction data-set to the Monetra server for further processing.
D	The Monetra server processes the transaction request (such as a sale) against the appropriate end point (for example TSYS) and then sends back the response it receives to the UniTerm module.
Е	The UniTerm module then returns the transaction response back to the calling application.

2.3 Design Decisions

UniTerm is designed to run as an independent application running in a separate address space from any integrated applications. The design decisions behind this are due to the PCI PA-DSS and EMV certification requirements. If UniTerm was designed as a library rather than a separate application, it would be considered part of the integrator's application. This would mandate that integrators validate to PCI PA-DSS as well as go through direct end-to-end EMV brand certifications.

UniTerm's goal is to assist integrators in avoiding the costly and time consuming validations and certifications. While it would have been easier to implement as a library, and easier for integrators to use if it was a library, we strongly believe that the benefits far outweigh the integration and deployment inconveniences.

3 UniTerm Integration and Deployment Overview

3.1.	Deployment	4
3.2.	Versioning	4
	3.2.1. Version Scheme	
	3.2.2. Wildcard Versioning	5
3.3.	Licensing	5
	3.3.1. Registration	5
	3.3.2. Device Definition	5
	3.3.3. Management	6
3.4.	Starting UniTerm	6
	3.4.1. Command Line Options	6
3.5.	Multiple Instances	6
	Swapping Devices	
	Configuration Files	
	3.7.1. Location	8
	3.7.2. Parameters	8
3.8.	Communication	10
	3.8.1. Network Communication	10
	3.8.2. Android Service Communication	10
3.9.	Shutting Down UniTerm	10
	. Required User Permissions	

3.1 Deployment

For Desktop deployments, Uniterm should be bundled and distributed with the POS system.

Provided to each integrator is a license for UniTerm that is installed via the Monetra Installer, however, production deployments will not use this distribution mechanism. Instead, integrators should package the directory that is created after installation to distribute with their own package (e.g. POS). The UniTerm directory is self-contained and can be relocated to any path the integrator sees fit without any additional system dependencies as long as the paths for any sub-directories included with the UniTerm installation (if applicable) are kept in the same relative paths in relation to the UniTerm executable.

For Android deployments, Uniterm is available as a standalone APK package. It can also be bundled with the POS system, please contact us for guidance on bundling.

3.2 Versioning

3.2.1 Version Scheme

The versioning scheme employed by UniTerm is formatted as x.y.z, where each x, y, and z components are numeric-only version indicators separated by a period. Each numeric component may be from one to three digits in length. All software distribution updates will result in at least one of the components being updated.

UniTerm Integration and Deployment Overview

The x component of the version indicates the product major version number. The major version component only changes when there are significant feature changes, or the changes impact any part of a security standard, such as PCI PA-DSS.

The Y component of the version indicates a product minor version change. The minor version will change when there are minor feature enhancements that do not impact the part of any security standard such as PCI PA-DSS.

The z component of the version indicates a bug-fix release. Bug-fix releases do not change the overall feature-set or functionality of UniTerm, but may include security related fixes such as updates to 3rd party libraries (e.g. cryptographic libraries) distributed with UniTerm.

3.2.2 Wildcard Versioning

PCI PA-DSS requires a specific wildcard versioning definition which corresponds to the release which is being validated for compliance. With this release of UniTerm, the official wildcard versioning is 8. Y. Z. The major (X) version number component is fixed at 8, which as per the versioning definition states there will be no major feature changes or changes which impact the PCI PA-DSS standard (e.g. all changes that do not affect the major version number are classified as "no impact" changes). The minor (Y) and bug-fix (Z) wildcard components comply with the descriptions in the previous section.

Any future change which results in a change to the major version number will have a corresponding PCI PA-DSS validation.

3.3 Licensing

All Uniterm licensing is managed at the server level by the Monetra system with which Uniterm is connected. Since licensing is administered at the server level, there is nothing unique that needs to be deployed with Uniterm on the client side (such as a license or certificate file).

3.3.1 Registration

Uniterm generates unique ids for each connected device in order to send to Monetra to track the number of UniTerm licenses in use.

When Uniterm is started, during the first transaction and every 24hrs thereafter, the unique device ID will be automatically registered with Monetra. If this device is already associated with a UniTerm license, the license meta-data will be updated. If the device is not currently associated with a UniTerm license, Monetra will register this unique device id if a UniTerm license slot is available, otherwise Monetra will reject the registration request and Uniterm will cancel the transaction.

3.3.2 Device Definition

A device is either a physical Point of Interaction device, or a Graphical User Interface of the computer in which Uniterm is running.

Each physical device will consume a UniTerm license, the license is tied to the device serial number. Since the license is tied to the device, the physical device may be transferred to different POS stations without consuming additional licensing.

The use of the GUI mode in Uniterm, whether used with keyboard emulation card readers, for acceptance of manually keyed card entry, or even simply used for Clerk status feedback, will also consume a UniTerm license.

3.3.3 Management

Since UniTerm licensing is managed at the Monetra server, all license administration (view licenses, delete licenses, etc) can be performed using either the Monetra Administrator GUI or via the Monetra API. To more easily help identify and manage licenses, additional data is available in the license list such as: initial creation timestamp, last used timestamp, last used username, device type, and device serial number.



Note: If a UniTerm license (device or GUI) is removed (de-registered) from Monetra, then the license slot is not eligible to be re-used for 7 days. However, if the same [deleted] device is re-presented, it can immediately re-consume the license slot.

3.4 Starting UniTerm

For Desktop based deployments, the UniTerm module must be launched by the POS application software and should not be started at startup. If the POS system does not start Uniterm, then it is possible Uniterm will not be able to obtain screen focus for on-screen prompts.

For Android deployments, Uniterm should be automatically started at Boot, and simply Binding to the already-running service is sufficient.

3.4.1 Command Line Options

When starting UniTerm for Desktop based deployments, there are a few command line options supported that control the behavior.

- -c Full path to the ini file to read. If not specified, it searches for the uniterm.ini in the paths documented in Section 3.7.
- -p Port for UniTerm to listen on for incoming connections. If not specified, the value in the ini file is used. The purpose of this configuration value is to aid in the ability to start multiple UniTerm instances on the same machine with the intention of using GUI mode for multiple user logins (e.g. Terminal Services).
- -h Help options are displayed.

3.5 Multiple Instances

When running UniTerm in conjunction with Citrix or Terminal Services, with the intention of using GUI mode, it is necessary to start multiple instances of UniTerm on the same

UniTerm Integration and Deployment Overview

machine. This can be accomplished by using a different port for each UniTerm instance. The port can either be configured via the command line options or by specifying a different UniTerm ini file. The integrated application would then communicate with UniTerm on its own dedicated port to prevent interference with any other UniTerm instances. The dedicated UniTerm instance must still be started by the POS application in that user instance otherwise UniTerm will be unable to display information or prompts.

If using UniTerm in device-only mode, it is recommended to use only a single instance of UniTerm and not start multiple instances. UniTerm is designed to be able to handle multiple transactions across multiple devices without the need for additional instances.

3.6 Swapping Devices

From time to time it may be necessary to swap out devices, whether the device is malfunctioning, being updated to a new firmware load, or simply being relocated. When a device is swapped, UniTerm needs to be made aware of this, otherwise there could be unexpected behavior. In order to reduce transaction latency as much as possible, the first time a device is used after a fresh UniTerm start, UniTerm performs many queries against the device which may take many seconds to complete. These queries gather device information such as its type and capabilities and ensure the proper configuration parameters are loaded. In extreme cases this first transaction may detect a full device load is necessary which could extend this time to many minutes and result in a device reboot. On all subsequent transactions, these initial steps are stored in an in-memory cache and will not be repeated unless UniTerm is explicitly told to do so. When a device is swapped out, UniTerm may have no way to know this has occurred since it is operating on this cached data.

In order to tell UniTerm that a device has been swapped out, simply send a u_action=deviceload request or restart UniTerm. Either of these actions will force UniTerm to clear its in-memory cache and connect to the device as if it was the first transaction.

In some cases if the device itself isn't swapped (so the serial number has not changed), but instead the device has been manually cleared, such as when performing a firmware update, additional steps may need to be taken to ensure EMV parameters are loaded. There may be no way for UniTerm to determine if the device has the latest EMV parameters so UniTerm caches the loadid associated with the device serial number in the uniterm.ini. If this ondisk cache is incorrect because the device was manipulated outside of UniTerm, UniTerm must be informed of this by passing u_forceload=yes with the u_action=deviceload request. The u_forceload will tell UniTerm to ignore the loadid cache forcibly loading the EMV parameters into the device. In fact, it may be prudent to explicitly use u_forceload any time a device is swapped to ensure all data is loaded into the device.

3.7 Configuration Files

There is a single configuration file named uniterm.ini that must be configured before Uniterm can be used. The uniterm.ini MUST be readable and writable by the Uniterm process.

3.7.1 Location

The location of the uniterm.ini may vary from system to system, and the default search paths, listed in priority order, are:

- Windows:
 - %APPDATA%/Uniterm/uniterm.ini
 - same path as the monetra_uniterm.exe executable
- Mac OS X:
 - ~/Library/Application Support/Uniterm/uniterm.ini
- Linux/Unix:
 - ~/.uniterm/uniterm.ini
 - same path as the monetra_uniterm executable



Note: If the uniterm.ini cannot be located, or does not have proper read and write access, UniTerm will still start listening on the default port 8123 and return an INI related u_errorcode on all requests with a description of the issue. It should be noted that once the error has been corrected, UniTerm must be restarted to clear the error condition to force UniTerm to re-read its INI file.

3.7.2 Parameters

The parameters in this section are in standard ini format grouped by sections. Sections are in the format of "[section]". The settings for each section are in key/value pair format of "key=value".

3.7.2.1 Section: [monetra]

- host: Required. Hostname/address where Monetra resides
- port: Required. Port to connect to Monetra on
- ssl_cert_validate: Optional. Controls validation of the Monetra SSL server certificate. Possible Values are:
 - full validate server certificate signature and require the full domain matches the certificate
 - fuzzy validate server certificate signature and only the base domain matches the certificate
 - validate validate only the server certificate signature, do not validate the domain name in the certificate
 - none perform no server certificate validation

If no value is specified, defaults to none. Monetra, by default, deploys a self-signed SSL certificate. You must either explicitly deploy a signed certificate (signed by a trusted CA) with Monetra to be able to turn on certificate validation, or add Monetra's self-signed SSL certificate to the trust list (see ssl_cadir).

• ssl_cadir: Optional. Path to a directory containing a list of the PEM-encoded trusted SSL Certificate Authority roots. If not specified, will use the caroots directory contained in the

same path relative to the UniTerm executable. Only used when ssl_cert_validate is set to a value other than none.

- ssl_auth_key: Optional. Path to the SSL client certificate key used for two factor authentication. If not specified, the server will not be able to validate the authenticity of the client, however most deployments will not utilize this level of verification. Must be specified if ssl_auth_cert is specified.
- ssl_auth_cert: Optional. Path to the SSL client certificate used for two factor authentication. If not specified, the server will not be able to validate the authenticity of the client, however most deployments will not utilize this level of verification. Must be specified if ssl_auth_key is specified.

3.7.2.2 Section: [uniterm]

3.7.2.2.1 Operating Parameters

- port: Required on all except Android. Port to listen on for incoming connections.
- sharedsecret: Optional. The value specified is the shared secret to use for the communication protocol. A value must be set if one wishes to allow remote connections (along with localonly=no), or to enable the MODIFYCONFIG command. When this configuration parameter is set, all requests to UniTerm must include the u_sharedsecret protocol-level key/value pair set to the same value.
- localonly: Optional. If not specified, defaults to yes. If set to no, a sharedsecret must also be set and remote connections will be allowed.
- ssl_cert: Optional. If not specified attempts to locate ssl.crt in the same path as uniterm.ini
- ssl_key: Optional. If not specified attempts to locate ssl.key in the same path as uniterm.ini

3.7.2.2.2 Feature Parameters

- idle_message: Optional. Set the default idle message displayed on any device when not processing a transaction. This can be overwritten on a per-device level using the u_deviceidlemessage parameter in the protocol. This is not supported on all devices.
- unsupportedcard: Optional. If not specified, defaults to no. If set to yes, this allows trackdata to be returned to the caller for txnrequest and cardrequest only when the card type is confirmed to be non-financial. This is to allow in-store private-label gift (on txnrequest) as well as manager cards. The card must be returned unencrypted from the reader to be supported.
- nosigfloor: Optional. If not specified, defaults to disabled, should be specified as a dollar amount. This configuration value is a temporary stop-gap until Monetra supports advertising a merchant's desired floor limit for requiring signatures and will be removed in the future. This only applies to Swiped transactions as EMV follows chip-specific rules. For instance if

the value is set to 50.00, and a 40.00 authorization is attempted as a swipe transaction, they will NOT be prompted to sign, however a 60.00 authorization would be prompted to sign.

• guimode: Valid options are normal and touchscreen. If not specified, defaults to normal. TouchScreen mode enlarges all text in dialogs and provides an on-screen keypad to be used for manual card entry. Only numeric input is allowed in touchscreen mode, if an alpha-numeric Postal code needs to be entered (such as for Canada), a keyboard must be used. Normal mode is designed for use at a workstation with a keyboard and mouse.

3.8 Communication

The communication protocol for Uniterm is very similar to that of Monetra. At the heart of the protocol is a simple key/value pair message structure, very similar to the Monetra Client Interface Protocol Specification. In fact, some of these key/value pairs sent to Uniterm are simply passed-through to Monetra for processing.

When communicating with Uniterm, you use standard network communications, except on Android where you have the option to use Service-based communication (network-communication is available as a configurable option).

3.8.1 Network Communication

Uniterm supports both raw SSL communication with key/value pair transport, or XML over HTTPS. The protocol being used is autodetected by Uniterm on the first message sent by the POS. The standard APIs used with Monetra are also able to be used with Uniterm as they simply facilitate the same key/value pair transport mechanisms as the raw protocols. For more information on the underlying communications protocols or APIs, please reference the communications documentation and API documentation for Monetra.

Normally, Uniterm listens on localhost (127.0.0.1) via IPv4 on port 8123. It is recommended to use the ip address rather than 'localhost' since some operating systems may not fall back to trying IPv4. However, it is possible to make Uniterm accept connections from remote machines by configuring a 'sharedsecret=' set to a desired value as well as 'localonly=no' in the uniterm.ini. When a shared secret is configured, all requests to Uniterm must include the shared secret in order to prevent malicious requests.

3.8.2 Android Service Communication

The Android Service communication option utilizes AIDL in order to transmit the key/value pairs for each request to the Uniterm Service. Please see our Android SDK for an example of how to utilize this communication option.

3.9 Shutting Down UniTerm

Uniterm should only be shut down if it was started by the POS, and does not apply to Android systems. On Windows, a standard Window shutdown message may be sent, or on Unix a SIGTERM signal may be sent to the Uniterm process. Or universally Uniterm supports a shutdown message via its protocol.

3.10 Required User Permissions

The Monetra user identified by the username must be a Monetra SUB-USER with the obscure_sensitive_data flag set. For pass-through operations the subuser must have additional permissions for the transaction types it will perform (such as 'sale').

Uniterm also requires these permissions to operate:

- CHKPWD
- MERCHINFO
- GETPERMS
- SALE
- VOID
- REVERSAL
- IMAGEADD
- TERMLOAD EMV or INTERAC ONLY
- EMVCOMPLETE EMV ONLY
- INTERACMAC Canadian Interac Debit Only

More permissions may be required based on the POS operations supported.

4 UniTerm Protocol

4.1.	Overview	12
4.2.	UniTerm Request Parameters	12
4.3.	UniTerm Response Parameters	16
4.4.	UniTerm Error Codes	17

4.1 Overview

Application software communicates with the UniTerm module via the UniTerm protocol (which is similar to the Monetra Client Interface Protocol).

4.2 UniTerm Request Parameters

The table below describes the parameters used within the UniTerm protocol.

PARAMETER	VALUE
username	The Monetra username to authenticate as. For security reasons this should be a restricted subuser account.
password	The Monetra password associated with username.
u_action	peviceload. Load a device with EMV and/or Interac parameters. This request will start a terminal download of EMV and/or Interac parameters to load into the device being used. Requires username, password, u_device, and u_devicetype parameters. If the load for the device is identical to the previous load, the load will be skipped. Please note this process may take up to 3 or 4 minutes depending on the processing institution being used and the device being used. The Device may also reboot during this process. It is strongly recommended to call this function when a lane opens, however if it is not called, it will automatically be performed prior to the first transaction. If the device or merchant account does not support EMV or Interac, this command will simply return success. Optionally u_deviceidlemessage may be passed to this as well to set the device's default message if supported by the device.
	TXNREQUEST Transaction Request. Sensitive data (trackdata, account, cvv, avs, pin) will be retrieved by the UniTerm module either via the GUI or via a card entry device and forwarded to the Monetra server. CARDREQUEST Non-Financial Card Entry Request. UniTerm will prompt for card entry, and if it is determined the card is non-financial, it will return the card data. This can be used for manager cards and private label gift cards

that are not processed through Monetra. The card must be swiped, and the reader must be configured to return the card in unencrypted form.

PASSTHROUGH This action performs a direct pass-through of parameters to the Monetra server. Only the username, password, and u_action parameters are required. Can be used for reports, etc.

CANCEL Will attempt to cancel an outstanding TXNREQUEST. Requires 'username', 'password' and 'u_id' fields which must match the pending request. If the transaction cannot be canceled, such as if it is ineligible (such as when waiting on a response from the Monetra server), or the device doesn't support canceling the outstanding request, u_errorcode will return PENDING TRAN.

DEVICETYPES Will return a comma separated list of device types supported by the UniTerm module. No authentication required.

Headers:

- devicetype internal device name
- manufacturer textual description of device manufacturer
- model textual description of model
- connectivity pipe separated list of connectivity methods supported by the device, e.g. SERIAL | USB | BLUETOOTH | IP
- functionality pipe separated list of functionality supported by the device:

e.g. SIGNATURE|SWIPE|RESET|IDLE|REQKEY| REQPIN

STATUS Requests the current status of a pending TXNREQUEST. Requires 'username', 'password' and 'u_id' fields which must match the pending request. This will provide a textual verbiage response suitable for clerk display.

SERIALLIST Will return a comma separated list of all serial ports enumerated on the system. No authentication required.

Headers:

- port The port path
- desc Description of port, if applicable

BLUETOOTHLIST List all 'bluetooth' devices that have been paired with the machine UniTerm is running on. The device may or may not be present. Currently only supported on Android.

Headers:

- name The textual name of the device as registered with the operating system.
- mac The device bluetooth MAC address
- uuid The device bluetooth UUID

USBLIST List all supported USB devices that are currently attached to the machine UniTerm is running on.

Headers:

- nickname The devicetype (device internal name) associated with the USB entry
- devpath The device path of the USB device (windows
- bus The USB bus (linux only)
- addr The USB address (linux only)
- vendorID The USB vendor id
- productID The USB product id
- serial number The device serial number (if provided)

SHUTDOWN Terminates execution of the UniTerm module. This should be called when the application software terminates.

MODIFYCONFIG Allows a select number of ini configuration settings to be set via the API. In order to activate the ability to use this feature, an integrator must enable the shared secret in the configuration and the connection must come from the local machine.

VERSION Requests the current version of UniTerm. The version information is output in human-readable format in the verbiage response field. The version information also contains the build number.

u_flags Txnrequest and Cardrequest only. Multiple flags may be sent per data ticket request. All flags are separated by a pipe (|) symbol.

- ENCRYPTEDONLY Permit encrypted reader data only. Not valid on cardrequest
- DEVICEONLY Suppresses display of clerk facing dialog. For instance, on a swipe request, no swipe dialog would be presented. Important note: keyboard emulation readers

	 are not supported with this flag, only serial, USB HID, and Bluetooth devices can work. On Android, this flag is automatically implied due to the fact that it does not support a GUI mode of operation. KEY - Perform capture of manually keyed data. Not valid on cardrequest. If an account or expdate field is passed in on the request to UniTerm, the fields will be prepopulated in GUI mode. AVS - Request AVS data. Only allowed on keyed transactions. If a street or zip field is passed in on the request to UniTerm, the fields will be pre-populated in GUI mode. CVV - Request for CVV data. Only allowed on keyed transactions.
u_cardclass	Txnrequest only. Optional. The card class that is expected (this provides a hint much like flags) to enforce only this card classification be allowed. Uniterm will normally prompt for the card type from the cardholder if it can not be determined based on the card presented. This option can be useful if the POS has already determined the card type prior to requesting Uniterm to process a transactions. If a card is presented that does not match the card class, the transaction will be rejected. Supported classes are:
	 CREDIT - Credit card transaction DEBIT - DEBIT card transaction EBT - Electronic Benefits transaction INTERAC - Canadian Interac card transaction
	GIFT - Gift card transaction
u_device	• GIFT - Gift card transaction Txnrequest, Cardrequest, and DeviceLoad only. This specifies the path of the card entry device. Required parameter unless performing a GUI-based action (such as manual keyed entry, or swiping via a keyboard emulation card reader). Required if u_devicetype is provided.
u_device	• GIFT - Gift card transaction Txnrequest, Cardrequest, and DeviceLoad only. This specifies the path of the card entry device. Required parameter unless performing a GUI-based action (such as manual keyed entry, or swiping via a keyboard emulation card reader).
	 GIFT - Gift card transaction Txnrequest, Cardrequest, and DeviceLoad only. This specifies the path of the card entry device. Required parameter unless performing a GUI-based action (such as manual keyed entry, or swiping via a keyboard emulation card reader). Required if u_devicetype is provided. USB SER:port - Serial BT:mac,[uuid] - Bluetooth
u_devicetype	 GIFT - Gift card transaction Txnrequest, Cardrequest, and DeviceLoad only. This specifies the path of the card entry device. Required parameter unless performing a GUI-based action (such as manual keyed entry, or swiping via a keyboard emulation card reader). Required if u_devicetype is provided. USB SER:port - Serial BT:mac,[uuid] - Bluetooth IP:ipaddr:port - IP Txnrequest, Cardrequest, and DeviceLoad only. The unique device type supported by Uniterm as found via a

	the terminals configured currency. This parameter is used to override the terminals default currency.
u_deviceidlemessage	Txnrequest or deviceload only. Sets a message that the terminal should display when idle, this will be persistently cached by Uniterm and associated with the device serial number.
u_forceload	deviceload only. Values allowed are yes, no, and full. If not specified defaults to no. A value of yes will force a reload of all EMV parameters even if UniTerm believes the device already has the latest set of parameters. A value of full will additionally force reloading of all other objects UniTerm maintains, including but not limited to, configuration values, forms, and images.
u_id	Txnrequest, Cardrequest, Status, and Cancel only. A unique id (generated by the calling application) that identifies the transaction. This is used for checking the status or canceling the transaction. Without this id the transaction state cannot be queried.
amount	Txnrequest only. Transaction amount. Required.
u_sharedsecret	Required on all transactions if a shared secret is set in the ini file.
monetra/host	Modifyconfig only. Modify the [monetra] host configuration value.
monetra/port	Modifyconfig only. Modify the [monetra] port configuration value.
uniterm/idle_message	Modifyconfig only. Modify the [uniterm] idle_message configuration value.

4.3 UniTerm Response Parameters

The UniTerm module will return all standard response tags from the Monetra server such as code=, cardtype=, and so on. The additional tags listed below are for transaction flow handling, please see the EMV Receipt section for additional tags that may be returned specific to receipt formatting.

PARAMETER	VALUE
u_emv_chip_malfunction	(yes or not sent) = Indicates that there was a chip malfunction during EMV Complete. Note: Certain card brands require a note on the receipt stating there was a chip malfunction.
u_need_signature	(yes or not sent) = Monetra returns rcpt_emv_cvm which can have a value of "sig" saying sig is required. The u_need_signature means that a signature is required and it should be printed/obtained from the paper receipt. If an EMV requires a signature and one was not captured

	electronically, this flag indicates it should be obtained via a paper receipt.
u_errorcode	See section below.
u_cancelable	u_action=status only. Yes or No. Indicates if the current transaction state will allow a cancel to be sent. This is useful for showing and hiding a cancel button within an integration's GUI.
trackdata	u_action is txnrequest or cardrequest only. Also requires the ini configuration of unsupportedcard=yes. Will only be returned for non-financial cards that are returned unencrypted from the reader. Facilitates the use of manager cards as well as in-store private label gift systems that do not flow through Monetra. The u_errorcode returned with the response will always be NONFINANCIAL. Support during a txnrequest is tailored to the use of private label gift cards and will only be returned when the cardholder selects GIFT from the payment type selection screen.

4.4 UniTerm Error Codes

Errors will be returned in the u_errorcode field. Each error code may be used for more than one error type. Please see the verbiage response for more details. Note: On a successful transaction the u_errorcode will be set to SUCCESS but that only indicates communications with the Monetra server were successful. It does not mean the transaction was approved.

u_errorcode	definition	
MISSING_PARAM	A required parameter was missing.	
INVALID_PARAM	A specified parameter was invalid	
PENDING_TRAN	pending transaction already in progress	
INVALID_USE	Typically means parameters specified should not have been specified together.	
PERMISSION_ERROR	The user account within Monetra was misconfigured.	
MONETRA_ERROR	There was an error communicating with Monetra.	
DEVICE_ERROR	There was an error communicating with the card entry device.	
CANCELED	User canceled request	
FAILURE	Generic Failure	
DEVICE_INUSE	The device specified is being used by another transaction.	
BAD_READ	The device returned a card read error.	
MAC_FAILURE	The transaction was rejected because the MAC returned from the processor did not match the expected value.	
EMV_CARD_DENY	The card locally declined the transaction.	

UniTerm Protocol

EMV_CARD_REMOVED	The card was removed before the end of the transaction.	
CARD_NOT_SUPPORTED	The card presented was not supported.	
DEVICE_NOT_LOADED	The device needs to be loaded before it can run EMV transactions.	
FALLBACK_NOTALLOWED	There was an error reading the chip and the card brand rule does not allow the card to be re-presented via another means.	
INI_CANNOT_FIND	The uniterm.ini could not be found.	
INI_CANNOT_READ	The uniterm.ini is not readable by the Uniterm process.	
INI_CANNOT_WRITE	The uniterm.ini is not writable by the Uniterm process.	
INI_INVALID_PARAM	The uniterm.ini has an invalid configuration parameter.	
NONFINANCIAL	The card presented is not a financial card. This code will be returned when requesting and returning trackdata for non-financial cards when the configuration of unsupportedcard=yes is set.	

5 EMV transactions with UniTerm

5.1. Transaction Flow and Prompting	19
5.1.1. Swipe prompts to insert	
5.1.2. Tap prompts to insert	
5.1.3. Insert prompts to swipe	
5.1.4. PIN required on Credit Cards	20
5.1.5. Signature not requested	20
5.1.6. Tap transaction run as MSR on chip card, no insert requested	20
5.1.7. Immediate decline without contacting the processor	
5.2. Common questions	
5.2.1. How do I add a gratuity/tip to a transaction?	

EMV transactions, by nature, are much more complex than traditional magnetic stripe transactions. Uniterm hides this complexity from the application software. In the case of magnetic stripe and EMV transaction, the application software will send the request to Uniterm. The device capabilities (EMV for example) will be determined by Uniterm, along with the merchant account configuration. From these Uniterm will handle the appropriate prompting and flow aspects related to the determined capabilities. The application software simply needs to sent a u_action=TXNREQUEST and let Uniterm handle the rest.

5.1 Transaction Flow and Prompting

Integrators unfamiliar with EMV may notice some specific flow cases that seem counter-intuitive at first. This section is meant to address these EMV-specific cases.

5.1.1 Swipe prompts to insert

If a chip-enabled card is swiped on an EMV-capable terminal, it is mandated that the user be prompted to insert the card. This is an EMV certification requirement which cannot be lifted and it is meant to train consumers to insert their cards and to prevent fraud.

5.1.2 Tap prompts to insert

There are certain thresholds negotiated between the card and terminal which may request a chip-enabled card that is presented as a tap transaction be inserted instead. When this occurs, it can be due to a number of factors including fraud mitigation, or the card has determined it needs to be updated (for insert transactions, an issuer can choose to return issuer scripts to remotely reprogram cards).

5.1.3 Insert prompts to swipe

If a chip-enabled card is prompted to be swiped, this is usually an indication that there was a chip malfunction and the cardholder should have their card replaced, called a technical fallback. It is expected at some point in the future, technical fallback will be disallowed due to

fraud concerns. The other possibility is if the application id in use by the card is not supported by the terminal.

5.1.4 PIN required on Credit Cards

The cardholder verification method is negotiated between the card and the terminal. If both the card and terminal support PIN entry, it may be chosen as the desired verification method. Consumers in the US may not expect to enter a PIN on their credit cards, but it is common among foreign cards.

5.1.5 Signature not requested

The cardholder verification method is negotiated between the card and the terminal. They may negotiate Signature, PIN, or what is called NoCVM which means no cardholder verification is required for the transaction. The decision is strictly made based on the terminal capabilities and card capabilities.

5.1.6 Tap transaction run as MSR on chip card, no insert requested

It is a requirement by the card brands that if a chip-capable card is presented as a tap that the card NOT be prompted for insertion. This can happen due to a terminal not being configured for contactless EMV support, or if a chip is malfunctioning.

5.1.7 Immediate decline without contacting the processor

EMV cards have the ability to make decisions about the transaction before it is even processed. From time to time a merchant may see a chip card presented that results in an immediate decline before requesting cardholder verification or connecting to a processing institution. This could happen because the card has exceeded some internal threshold, or the card has received a remote script on a previous transaction to explicitly block transactions, such as a card block or application block.

5.2 Common questions

5.2.1 How do I add a gratuity/tip to a transaction?

Tips are added to EMV authorizations just as they are with MSR authorizations, nothing has changed in the US rules. An integrator will simply send a preauth with the order amount, then when the tip amount is known, a preauthcomplete will be sent with the final order amount and examount will contain the tip amount. However, if the tip is greater than 20%, merchants should obtain a new authorization for the tip according to the card brand rules. Of course if the tip amount is known prior to the authorization, the tip amount should be included a part of the authorization request.

There is much confusion regarding tips in the US market with the introduction of EMV Chip and Pin, most of this is due to European rules which state the gratuity amount must be sent with the initial authorization request. This does NOT apply to the US market.

Please refer to the below card brand documentation for more information:

- http://www.mastercard.com/us/merchant/pdf/TPR-Entire_Manual_public.pdf (page 70)
- http://usa.visa.com/download/merchants/play-it-smart-with-chip-payment-transactions.pdf (page 3)

6 UniTerm Protocol Examples

6.1. EMV Transaction [device load]	22
6.1.1. Uniterm Request Data	. 22
6.1.2. Uniterm Response Data	22
6.2. EMV Transaction [Interac]	23
6.2.1. Uniterm Request Data	. 23
6.2.2. Uniterm Response Data	23
6.3. Pin Debit (forced) Transaction Request	24
6.3.1. Uniterm Request Data	. 24
6.3.2. GUI output	. 25
6.3.3. Uniterm Response Data	25

Several examples are provided below which describe how to use the UniTerm protocol.

6.1 EMV Transaction [device load]

6.1.1 Uniterm Request Data

PARAMETER	VALUE
password	test123
u_action	deviceload
u_device	USB
u_deviceidlemessage	WELCOME
u_devicetype	ingenico_cpx
u_flags	DEVICEONLY
u_id	1182112391
username	moneris_ipp320x:sub

6.1.2 Uniterm Response Data

PARAMETER	VALUE
addltermcaps	F000F0F001
addltermcaps_desired	6000F0F001
addltermcaps_loa	F000F0A001
altered_termload	yes
code	AUTH
loa_id	3C
termcaps	E0B8C8
termcaps_desired	E0B8C8

termcaps	s_loa E0B8C8
term	ntype 22
termtype_des	sired 21
u_error	code SUCCESS
verk	piage Device loaded

6.2 EMV Transaction [Interac]

6.2.1 Uniterm Request Data

PARAMETER	VALUE
action	sale
amount	1.00
nsf	yes
ordernum	899065992
password	test123
u_action	txnrequest
u_device	USB
u_deviceidlemessage	WELCOME
u_devicetype	ingenico_cpx
u_flags	DEVICEONLY
u_id	899065992
username	moneris_ipp320x:sub

6.2.2 Uniterm Response Data

PARAMETER	VALUE
account	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXX2145
auth	221093
batch	1
cardholdername	Test Card 14
cardtype	INTERAC
code	AUTH
item	793
language	en
merch_addr1	123 STREET NAME
merch_addr2	CITY, STATE ZIP

merch_id	1625
merch_name	MERCHANT NAME
merch_phone	(888) 555-1234
msoft_code	INT_SUCCESS
pclevel	0
phard_code	SUCCESS
rcpt_acct_type	checking
rcpt_custom	refnum:660136000010017930
rcpt_emv_ac	882D8427A268E214
rcpt_emv_actype	TC
rcpt_emv_aid	A0000002771010
rcpt_emv_cvm	pin
rcpt_emv_name	Interac
rcpt_emv_tsi	7800
rcpt_emv_tvr	8000008000
rcpt_entry_mode	С
rcpt_host_ts	072315151022
rcpt_issuer_resp_code	00
rcpt_resp_code	001
timestamp	1437678622
ttid	992
u_errorcode	SUCCESS

6.3 Pin Debit (forced) Transaction Request

6.3.1 Uniterm Request Data

PARAMETER	VALUE
action	sale
amount	1.00
nsf	yes
ordernum	899065992
password	test123
u_action	txnrequest
u_cardclass	DEBIT
u_device	USB
u_deviceidlemessage	WELCOME

u_devicetype	ingenico_rba
u_id	899065992
username	transarmor_isc250:sub

6.3.2 GUI output



6.3.3 Uniterm Response Data

PARAMETER	VALUE	
account	XXXXXXXXXXXX0027	
auth	412303	
batch	15	
cardtype	MCDEBIT	
code	HTUA	
item	139	
merch_id	0993	
msoft_code	INT_SUCCESS	
pclevel	0	
phard_code	SUCCESS	
rcpt_entry_mode	S	
timestamp	1437678765	
ttid	200	
u_errorcode	SUCCESS	

7 UniTerm Test Application

Included with the UniTerm software distribution is a test application known as "Uniterm Tester". This test application is a simple graphical user interface which may be used to test the various functionality in UniTerm. This utility should be used by developers exploring the functionality of Uniterm as it will provide the request and response messages from UniTerm as well as generate sample receipts for each request. The test utility can be found in the same directory as the monetra_uniterm executable named unitermtester.

8 UniTerm Code Examples

Code examples are provided help you understand how easy it is to integrate your application with the UniTerm middleware. Please see Appendix C for complete code examples.

Examples are provided for the following languages:

- Microsoft C# using libmonetra
- Microsoft C# using XML and HttpWebRequest
- Java using libmonetra
- PHP using libmonetra
- Microsoft VB.Net using libmonetra
- Microsoft VBScript using XML and MSXML2
- Microsoft Visual Basic 6 using libmonetra

9 UniTerm Point of Interaction Devices

9.1. \$	Supported POI Devices	28
	9.1.1. Ingenico RBA information	29
	9.1.2. Verifone VX XPI information	32
	9.1.3. Ingenico CPX/uCPX information	32

Card data is captured at the point of sale via a magnetic swipe reader or, in some cases (such as for telephone-based transactions), by manual entry of the card number via a keyboard, touch screen, or key pad. The device where card data is captured is called the Point of Interaction (POI) device or also may be referred to as the "point of capture" or "point of entry" device.



Note: The UniTerm module supports both encrypting and non encrypting POI devices. Using the UniTerm module with non encrypting devices can remove the application software (such as a POS application) from scope for the PCI Payment Application (PA-DSS) standard. Using encrypting POI devices can also reduce or eliminate PCI requirements for merchants.

9.1 Supported POI Devices

The table below describes POI devices currently supported. The column marked ENCRYPTION indicates the type of encryption the device supports (if any). CardShield encryption can be performed by a Monetra server while other types of encryption must be preformed by the transaction processor. The column marked EMV are devices that UniTerm can work with to perform EMV/Chip based transactions.



Note: UniTerm is currently only supporting devices which support EMV. This list may be expanded in the future to support non-EMV devices. This list also does not include keyboard-emulation devices (both encrypting and non-encrypting) which are supported when running in GUI mode.

If you are using a previous version of Uniterm which supported additional non-EMV devices, do not upgrade your version of Uniterm as those devices are not currently supported.

Model	Device S/W	u_devicetype	Notes	Encryption	EMV				
Ingenico	Ingenico								
iPP320 CPX	CPX	ingenico_cpx	Canada	NONE	X				
iUP250 uCPX	uCPX	ingenico_ucpx	Canada	NONE	X				
Ingenico RBA family (iPP320, iSC Touch 250, etc)	RBA	ingenico_rba	USA	CardShield, First Data TransArmor RSA	X				
Verifone									
vx805	XPI	verifone_vx	USA	NONE	х				

9.1.1 Ingenico RBA information

The minimum version of the RBA software load supported is v14 for running EMV transactions. The current recommended version is 15.06. Any device in the Ingenico RBA family may be used.

The RBA family includes all Ingenico Telium2 devices that can run the RBA (Retail Base Application) software. This includes, but is not limited to:

- iCMP
- iSMP companion
- iWL250
- iPP320 PCI PTS v3.x version
- iPP350 PCI PTS v3.x version
- iSC Touch 250
- iSC Touch 350
- iSC Touch 480

9.1.1.1 Communication Methods

Uniterm supports communicating with RBA via these communication methods (given the proper cables and add-on options from Ingenico):

- USB-HID No drivers are necessary, select USB as the device connectivity in UniTerm
- USB<>Serial Conv Requires Telium or Jungo drivers on Windows, will show up as a virtual COM port and be used as a Serial device in UniTerm (except for Linux where it may be used as a USB device).
- Serial Settings: 115200 8N1 No flow control
- Bluetooth Android native, on Windows it should show up as a virtual COM port and be usable as a Serial device in UniTerm.
- Ethernet Settings: IP server mode



Note: Not all devices support BlueTooth or USB-HID even if the menu lists it as an available option.

9.1.1.2 Device configuration

RBA devices can be configured by entering the management menu during device boot in order to set up the communication method. When a device is shipped to you, it can often be left in a state which is not compatible with the cabling being used and must be reconfigured. Please ensure you only select one of the supported communication methods as documented in the previous section.

In order to reboot a device, you may either disconnect it from power, or use the reboot key sequence. The key sequence is either the yellow CLEAR button plus the "*.,#" key or the "-" key, depending on which device is being used.

UniTerm Point of Interaction Devices

While booting, wait until the RBA splash screen appears with the scroll bars and system information. Then quickly press the management password, which by default is 2 6 3 4 and then the green ENTER key. Follow the on-screen prompts.

The communication method configuration is available via TDA -> Configuration -> Communication.

9.1.1.2.1 Contactless Support

Some devices such as the ipp320 have contactless as an optional module. It is possible when such a device is shipped to you, the optional module is installed but not activated. If you are certain the device has the necessary hardware for contactless, but contactless is not working, you may need to activate it. For the ipp320 this can be confirmed by observing the existence of a contactless chip behind the rear door of the device. Contactless must not be enabled if the device does not have the proper hardware.

In order to enable contactless, use the key sequence documented in the prior section to enter management mode. Then navigate to Telium manager -> Initialization -> Parameters -> Contactless and make sure it is set to Yes -> Internal.

9.1.1.3 Hardware Information

It is important to ensure the device being ordered is the latest hardware revision. Ingenico often introduces newer revisions without changing the model number, however their Part Numbers do in fact differ. The easiest way to request the most recent revision is to ensure you are requesting the PCI PTS v3 or v4 version of the devices. Older hardware revisions comply with PCI PTS v2 and should not be used for new deployments as you may experience issues due to limitations in the hardware.



Note: There have been recent reports of customers receiving ipp320 units that have been sent out as PCI PTS v2 devices. These devices do NOT support RBA12 and higher, even though they may come with a later RBA release. The part number on the supported devices will start with 11, while the part number on unsupported devices will start with 01. If you experience lockups or unexpected behavior, please verify your device is a PCI PTS v3 or higher device.

9.1.1.4 Forms and Images

UniTerm depends on the stock forms and images that ship by default on terminals with RBA. In addition, UniTerm does require a few UniTerm-specific forms and images to be available on the device. These will be generated and uploaded automatically to the device if UniTerm can not find them.

UniTerm will check if it has all the necessary forms on the first transaction run by a device. It will then load any missing forms. When loading forms is required, a message is presented on the device and there is an additional delay until the upload is complete.

It is possible for integrators to fully customize the look and feel of the forms displayed on the device. Such integrators should contact Ingenico in order to obtain the necessary form building

tools, and information on how to upload custom forms and images onto the device. Integrators should also contact their device distributor to ask about services to pre-load any files prior to shipping devices to customers. The forms used and their requirements are listed below.

Forms and Images used by UniTerm:

- UTAD.K3Z The form displayed when the device is idle, also known as the "ADs" screen. This form may be customized to present an image or a series of rotating images, but must not contain buttons. The default form loaded contains a single image, UTAD.PNG. It is recommended that the images created be specific to the device for best appearance even though the device will scale the image if too small or large.
- UTCCOD.K3Z Form used for card entry / selection. The form loaded is the same as the default Ingenico CCOD.K3Z form, with the exception that the cancelenabled='true' attribute has been added to allow the cardholder to press the physical cancel button to exit the request payment screen. Integrators wishing to modify this screen need to comply with the capabilities of the stock form.
- UTCSEL.K3Z Form used for tender selection (credit, debit, etc). The form loaded is identical to the default Ingenico PAY1.K3Z form. It is duplicated due to an Ingenico limitation that does not allow the use of the stock form when using the "on demand" command mode. Integrators wishing to modify this form must comply with the capabilities of the stock form, especially the mapping of the button names available (e.g. Bbtna debit, Bbtnb credit, etc).
- MSG.K3Z Form used to display single line messages. This is a stock form, any replacements should adhere to the capabilities of the stock form.
- MSGTHICK.K3Z Form used to display double line messages. This is a stock form, any replacements should adhere to the capabilities of the stock form.
- AMTV.K3z Form used to display confirmation prompts, both for arbitrary prompts
 and amount confirmation. This is a stock form, any replacements should adhere to the
 capabilities of the stock form.
- Ingenico may internally call additional forms during the EMV payment processing flow. For information on how to customize these screens, integrators should contact Ingenico.

9.1.1.5 First Data TransArmor RSA Encryption

The Ingenico devices support First Data's TransArmor RSA encryption. TransArmor is First Data's P2PE encryption solution along with tokenization which must be enabled on the account both within First Data's systems as well as within Monetra. When configuring a Monetra account for TransArmor encryption, set the Encryption merchant configuration value to IngenicoRSA.

As part of the device loading procedure, a key request will be made to Monetra which will request the current key to use from First Data's systems. Monetra will then send that key identifier to takeys.monetra.com: 443 to look for an available signed package to load onto

the Ingenico device. Due to limitations in the Ingenico TransArmor implementation it is not possible to directly load the key from First Data's systems into the device. If the requested key package is not yet available, the existing key will be continued to be used until which time the updated package is made available.

TransArmor keys typically expire after 2 years, and new keys will be provided 90 days prior to expiration. All terminals on a given merchant account will share the same RSA public key.

9.1.2 Verifone VX XPI information

The minimum version of the XPI software load supported is v8.23a for running EMV transactions. Prior versions of XPI may work for non-EMV transactions, however this functionality has not been extensively tested. The recommended version is v8.24D.

9.1.2.1 Communication Methods

Uniterm supports communicating with the Verifone VX via these communication methods (given the proper cables and add-on options from Verifone):

- USB Requires Vx USB Drivers available from www.verifone.com on Windows, will show up as a virtual COM port and be used as a Serial device in UniTerm (except for Linux where it may be used as a USB device).
- Serial (COM1) 9600

When a device is shipped to you, it can often be left in a state which is not compatible with the cabling being used and must be reconfigured.

9.1.2.2 Device configuration

During device boot-up, it is possible to change the connectivity setting to match the cabling. When the XPI version is displayed during startup, press the alpha and 8 buttons simultaneously. You can then change the connectivity method by pressing the appropriate F < n > key.

9.1.3 Ingenico CPX/uCPX information

Ingenico CPX (attended) and uCPX (unattended) software loads are supported for Canadian merchants. These loads support both contact and contactless EMV processing for multiple card brands including Interac debit cards. The required software versions are 10.14 for CPX and 02.02 for uCPX.



Note: The MasterCard PayPass v2.1 kernel must be loaded into the device if supporting contactless MasterCard EMV. If the device is loaded with the PayPass v3.0 kernel, it will fail to accept PayPass transactions. Due to limitations in the Ingenico software, it is impossible for UniTerm to detect the version of the PayPass kernel in use, and the CPX and uCPX software versions are not tied to any PayPass kernel version.

9.1.3.1 Communication Methods

Uniterm supports communicating with CPX/uCPX via these communication methods (given the proper cables and add-on options from Ingenico):

- USB->Serial Requires Telium or Jungo drivers on Windows, will show up as a virtual COM port.
- Serial 9600 7bits Even Parity No flow control
- IP/Ethernet Even Parity



Note: Please contact Ingenico for assistance with configuring your device for proper communication. It is known that the on-screen menu system does NOT work when configuring Ethernet mode due to the inability to set the Parity to Even. The parity configuration is a crucial step in ensuring Ethernet connectivity is functional.

10 Certifications and Device Configurations

10.1. Certification List	34
10.2. Configuration Definitions	35

10.1 Certification List

EMV Certifications are tied to specific device versions, device configurations, and software versions. During deployment, it is crucial that only certified configurations are used.

Device configurations are based on the EMV kernel version in the device. The available configurations are listed as part of the EMV LOA (Letter of Approval) for the Level 2 kernel for the device. The approval letters can be obtained from EMVCo: http://www.emvco.com/approvals.aspx?id=85

Device	EMVKern/Conf	UniTerm	Module Version	Config
Chase Paymente	Chase Paymentech			
Ingenico iPP320 CPX	4.66/3C	8.0	Paymentech Tampa 3.2.0 (Jan 2015)	Canada, Attended, OfflinePin, Sig
Verifone vx805	6.2.0/1C	8.0	Paymentech Tampa 3.2.0 (Oct 2015)	USA, Attended, OnlinePin, OfflinePin, Sig
Moneris				
Ingenico iPP320 CPX	4.66/3C	8.0	Moneris SPDH 2.0.0 (Sep 2015)	Canada, Attended, OfflinePin, Sig
Ingenico iUN uCPX	4.66/15C	8.0	Moneris SPDH 2.0.0 (Sep 2015)	Canada, Unattended, OfflinePin, NoSig
First Data		•	,	
Ingenico RBA family	4.67/1C	8.0	First Data Cardnet or Nashville EDC 4.1.0 (Oct 2015)	USA, Attended, OnlinePin, OfflinePin, Sig
Verifone vx805	6.2.0/1C	8.0	First Data Cardnet or Nashville EDC 4.1.0	USA, Attended, OnlinePin, OfflinePin, Sig

Certifications and Device Configurations

Device	EMVKern/Conf	UniTerm	Module Version	Config
			(Nov 2015)	
Tsys				
Ingenico RBA family	4.67/1C	8.0	TSYS (aka Vital/VisaNet) 3.0.0 (Nov 2015)	USA, Attended, OnlinePin, OfflinePin, Sig
Verifone vx805	6.2.0/1C	8.0	TSYS (aka Vital/VisaNet) 3.0.0 (Nov 2015)	USA, Attended, OnlinePin, OfflinePin, Sig
Global Payment	s			
Ingenico RBA family	4.67/1C	8.0	Global Payments East 3.0.0 (Oct 2015)	USA, Attended, OnlinePin, OfflinePin, Sig
Verifone vx805	6.2.0/1C	8.0	Global Payments East 3.0.0 (Oct 2015)	USA, Attended, OnlinePin, OfflinePin, Sig
WorldPay		\		1
Ingenico RBA family	4.67/1C	8.0	RBS WorldPay TCMP 2.0.0 (Oct 2015)	USA, Attended, OnlinePin, OfflinePin, Sig
Vantiv				
Ingenico RBA family	4.67/1C	8.0	Vantiv/ FifthThird 610 2.1.0 (Dec 2015)	USA, Attended, OnlinePin, OfflinePin, Sig

10.2 Configuration Definitions

EMV configurations are strictly certified in an "all or nothing" manner. You must choose an explicit certification from the list in the prior section and all configuration parameters must be adhered to. For instance, if the certification lists both OnlinePin and OfflinePin, you cannot simply choose to support only OfflinePin.

The meanings of the various configurations listed in the prior section are below:

Key	Description
USA	Certified for use in the United States
Canada	Certified for use in Canada

Certifications and Device Configurations

Key	Description	
Attended	The environment is monitored by a clerk such as Retail, Restaurant, or Lodging. Not usable in a Kiosk environment such as a parking meter or gas pump.	
Unattended	The environment is NOT monitored by a clerk, for use in kiosk type environments.	
OnlinePin	An encrypted PIN can be obtained from a cardholder and sent to the processo with the transaction. When supporting Online PIN it is required that the device be injected with a 3DES DUKPT PIN key specific to the processing institution in use prior to deployment by a merchant.	
	Note: OnlinePin may not be supported for all card brands of a given processing institution. UniTerm will automatically adjust support for the processor's card brand limitations where necessary.	
OfflinePin	The terminal will negotiate the PIN directly with the chip embedded into the card without the need to send the PIN to the processing institution. A terminal does not need a Pin Debit key injected into it if only OfflinePin (and not OnlinePin) is supported.	
Sig	Signature cardholder verification is supported. This may either be a signature capture capable device or a signature obtained via paper receipt.	

A UniTerm Device Loading

When loading a device with Uniterm, Uniterm will send Monetra a list of terminal configurations from the Letter of Approval (LOA) as provided by device manufacturer for the device's EMV kernel. Monetra will compare this list to merchant defined settings. Monetra will then select a usable LOA configuration and return to Uniterm loading data which has been merged with the merchant's settings.

Some terminal loading data is mandatory and cannot deviate from a LOA configuration. Other data is merchant configurable and is allowed to be changed. Data that is configurable will be merged into an LOA configuration by Monetra based on the merchant's settings.

In the event no LOA configuration is valid for the merchant's settings then Monetra will respond with an error. Also, If the device's EMV kernel version is not certified for use with Uniterm loading will result in an error.

After a successful load the integration must check altered_termload. If it is "yes" then not all of the merchant's settings could be used and some of the values have been ignored. The integration can compare the selected values with the *_desired and *_loa values to determine what was ignored. It is the choice of the integration to either accept the load with the selected values or return an error if the merchant's setting have been altered due to being unsupported by the devices LOA configurations.



Note: If using implicit/auto device loading and not calling u_action=deviceload directly, an integrator will have no ability to retrieve the deviceload parameters.

PARAMETER	OVERVIEW
altered_termload	If no LOA configuration matches the merchant's settings a valid LOA will be used and the merchant's settings will be overridden. This indicates this has happened.
termtype_desired	The terminal type Monetra has determined fits the merchant's settings.
termcaps_desired	Terminal capabilities configured in Monetra. These are features that the merchant has selected for use.
addltermcaps_desired	Additional terminal capabilities configured in Monetra. These are features that the merchant has selected for use.
termcaps_loa	Terminal capabilities from the LOA configuration Monetra has selected.
addltermcaps_loa	Additional terminal capabilities from the LOA configuration Monetra has selected.
loa_id	The LOA configuration id Monetra has selected for use. This is the id in the device certification document for the kernel version located at: http://www.emvco.com/approvals.aspx?id=85
termtype	The terminal type from the LOA configuration that will be loaded into the device.

termcaps	Terminal capabilities from the merged LOA configuration and merchant's settings that will be loaded into the device. Note: mandatory LOA configuration data will not be changed.	
addltermcaps	Additional terminal capabilities from the merged LOA configuration and merchant's settings that will be loaded into the device. Note: mandatory LOA configuration data will not be changed.	

Example device load response:

```
u_errorcode = SUCCESS

code = AUTH

verbiage = Device loaded

altered_termload = no

termtype_desired = 21

termcaps_desired = E0B8C8

addltermcaps_desired = 6000F0F001

termcaps_loa = 60B8C8

addltermcaps_loa = 6000F0A001

loa_id = 18C

termtype = 22

termcaps = E0B8C8

addltermcaps = 6000F0F001
```

B EMV Receipt Requirements

The UniTerm application ever generate receipts. It is the integrator's responsibility to generate all proper receipts for both customer and merchant retention. What constitutes a proper receipt is dependent on a number of factors such as industry, card present vs card not present, and card entry method (for card present).

The purpose of this section is to provide general information about the receipt data UniTerm will return and how to use it generate a receipt. This does not cover all aspects of receipt generation. It also does not cover processor specific formatting requirements. It is recommended to verify receipts and receipt formatting with your processor before going into production.

Also there are typically two types of receipts printed. A merchant and a customer copy. Each one will have most of the same information but there are slight differences between the two.

B.1 Receipt content

B.1.1 Base receipt content

Receipts should include the following blocks and data elements in roughly the order provided below. All data is required if returned by UniTerm, or otherwise available, unless otherwise noted.

- Merchant Info Header
 - Name merch name
 - Address merch_addr1, merch_addr2, merch_addr3
 - Phone (optional) merch_phone
 - Email (optional) merch email
 - Website (optional) merch_url
 - Merchant ID required by some processors. Recommended to omit or truncate, see merch_id response documentation for more information.
 - Lane ID (optional) laneid or stationid request parameter.
- Transaction type request parameter action or equivalent text
- · Card information
 - Type cardtype
 - Entry mode rcpt_entry_mode or equivalent text, some processors may have explicit mappings they require.
 - Interac Account Type rcpt_acct_type or for Interac Flash (contactless) transactions, must display INTERAC FLASH DEFAULT. Integrators must convert the UniTerm-returned value of checking to chequing to comply with Interac requirements.
 - Masked Account Number account
- Transaction reference info
 - Date and time rcpt host ts or timestamp
 - Identifier request parameters ordernum or ptrannum
 - Additional identifiers (optional) request parameters such as custref
 - ttid (optional) either request or response ttid
 - Batch number batch

- Auth number (if authorized) auth
- Trace information stan
- Processor response code (some processors may require this) rcpt_resp_code
- Issuer response code (some processors may require this) rcpt_issuer_resp_code
- Processor specific custom data see rcpt_custom
- · Monetary amounts
 - Tip Request parameter examount
 - Tax Request parameter tax
 - Cash back Request parameter cashbackamount
 - Authorized Amount authamount if returned, otherwise request parameter amount
 - Balance balance
- Transaction disposition
 - Card disposition See Card Disposition documentation
 - Partial Approval Indicator if authamount returned
 - Overall disposition (approved/declined) code
- Additional Print Data printdata, Additional data meant to be printed on the receipt as provided by the processor. Often used for gift/loyalty programs.
- · Cardholder Verification
 - Signature line (if necessary) u_need_signature=yes
 - Cardholder Name, centered under signature line if a signature line is shown (optional) cardholdername
- EMV data
 - Application name rcpt_emv_name
 - AID-rcpt_emv_aid
 - TVR rcpt_emv_tvr
 - TSI rcpt_emv_tsi
 - Application Cryptogram Type and Cryptogram Value (optional) rcpt_emv_actype and rcpt_emv_ac
- Cardholder Notice (such as stating merchant vs customer copy) (optional) see receipt examples

B.2 Receipt Data Returned by UniTerm

PARAMETER	OVERVIEW
timestamp	Unix timestamp representing the time and date the transaction took place, this should be used to derive the transaction date if rcpt_host_ts is not returned.
rcpt_host_ts	(REQUIRED): The time and date recorded from the processor the transaction took place. MMDDYYHHMMSS format. Use timestamp if this value is not present in the response.
rcpt_entry_mode	(REQUIRED): Indicates how the card data was captured. Possible values are: • G: Keyed entry (EMV Fallback) • M: Keyed entry • T: EMV Contactless

	 C: EMV Contact F: Swipe (EMV Fallback) R: MSD (RFID) Contactless S: Swipe I: MICR Check Read
rcpt_acct_type	Interac specific account type chosen by the customer.
rcpt_emv_cvm	For EMV transactions this is the cardholder verification method performed. Possible values are:
	nonesigpinpinsigunknown
	For "pin" and "pinsig" the receipt should say "VERIFIED BY PIN". For "sig" a signature should be captured.
rcpt_resp_code	Response code returned from the processing institution.
rcpt_issuer_resp_code	Response code returned from the issuer.
language	Cardholder's language preference. The receipt should be created using this language if possible and shall contain the 2 character ISO language code.
batch	The batch number associated with the transaction.
cardtype	Monetra cardtype value. This is the value that would have been configured in supported card types for the account. Use this to take card specific action in receipt generation.
balance	Current balance on the card after the transaction.
rcpt_emv_aid	Card Application ID (AID) used
rcpt_emv_name	Textual name of card application used.
rcpt_emv_tvr	Transaction verification results.
rcpt_emv_tsi	Transaction status information.
rcpt_emv_actype	 (optional). Application Cryptogram type. AAC - Application Authentication Cryptogram (decline) ARQC - Application Request Cryptogram (intermediate or contactless)

	• TC - Transaction Certificate (offline or final approval)
rcpt_emv_ac	(optional). Application Cryptogram.
code	Used to determine if the transaction was approved or declined.
account	Masked account number.
cardholdername	Customers name as encoded on the card.
auth	Authorization code.
stan	Processor system trace information (mainly used for pin-debit transactions).
authamount	If the amount authorized is different than the requested amount this is the amount that must show on the receipt. It is possible that the integration could pool multiple transactions on one receipt and in that case the authamount needs to be present for each card along with other card specific receipt data. Note that some processors do not allow pooling card data onto one receipt and require separate receipts per card.
rcpt_custom	List of comma separated key:value pairs with additional processor specific data that needs to appear on the receipt.
u_errorcode	On failure this will provide some information about the failure. Specifically important to receipt processing are the EMV_CARD_REMOVED and EMV_CARD_DENY values.
u_need_signature	Used to determine if a signature line is required.
printdata	Additional processor-provided data returned by some processors that is intended to be printed on receipts. Often used for Gift/Loyalty programs. Please consult with your processor for more information.
issuer_decline	Boolean (yes/no). Currently this value is only returned by Moneris, and is used to indicate if a decline was due to an issuer decline or a local processor decline. The purpose of this response parameter is that Moneris has different receipt messaging requirements based on who declined the transaction.
merch_name	Merchant Name if configured in merchant profile. Cached by UniTerm from merchinfo request and sent on every transaction response.

merch_addr1	Merchant Address Line 1 if configured in merchant profile. Cached by UniTerm from merchinfo request and sent on every transaction response.
merch_addr2	Merchant Address Line 2 if configured in merchant profile. Cached by UniTerm from merchinfo request and sent on every transaction response.
merch_addr3	Merchant Address Line 3 if configured in merchant profile. Cached by UniTerm from merchinfo request and sent on every transaction response.
merch_phone	Merchant Phone Number if configured in merchant profile. Cached by UniTerm from merchinfo request and sent on every transaction response.
merch_email	Merchant Contact Email if configured in merchant profile. Cached by UniTerm from merchinfo request and sent on every transaction response.
merch_url	Merchant URL or Website if configured in merchant profile. Cached by UniTerm from merchinfo request and sent on every transaction response.
merch_id	Merchant ID truncated to only the last 4 digits if available. Cached by UniTerm from merchinfo request and sent on every transaction response. The Merchant ID is required by some processors for EMV, though due to rampant "return fraud", we strongly discourage integrators from providing the full Merchant ID on receipts. Instead, if you choose to display the merchant id, it should display only the last 4 digits. This field can be used for that purpose.
merch_proc	Merchant Processing Institution (internal name) used. Cached by UniTerm from merchinfo request and sent on every transaction response. This may be used to trigger different receipt formats based on processor-specific requirements.

B.3 Receipt Data NOT Returned by UniTerm

This is information is data that may have been sent to UniTerm on the request that should be on the receipt.

PARAMETER	OVERVIEW
Transaction Type	The initiating application should know which transaction type is being preformed (Sale, Refund etc.).
Transaction Identifier	ordernum or ptrannum if present.
Additional Identifier	custref if present.
ttid	When performing a transaction such as return by ttid the referenced ttid should be present on the receipt. This will aid in tracking the original transaction that was returned.
Amount Information	 Tip - Tip amount for order as provided in the examount field in request. Tax - Tax amount for order Amount - Authorized amount, either the amount passed in or the partially approved amount provided in the authamount field. Cash Back Amount - Amount of Cash Back (currently not supported)
Card Disposition	 When u_errorcode is EMV_CARD_REMOVED, should say: "CARD REMOVED" When u_errorcode is EMV_CARD_DENY, should say: "DECLINED BY CARD" When rcpt_emv_cvm is pin or pinsig, should say: "VERIFIED BY PIN" When rcpt_entry_mode is F or G, should say: "CHIP CARD SWIPED" When authamount is returned and is not equal to requested amount, should say: "TRANSACTION PARTIALLY APPROVED" When code is CALL, should say: "CALL ISSUER"

B.4 Signature Line Requirements

The only time a signature line is necessary when using Uniterm is when u_need_signature=yes. Internally Uniterm will handle logic to determine if the signature line is needed on the paper receipt.

When set to yes this indicates that a signature line is required on the receipt. If possible Uniterm will attempt to capture the signature thought the device. If this fails or is not possible then this value will indicate that signature is still required.

B.5 Merchant vs Customer Copy

For the most part merchant and customer receipt requirements are identical, though there are a couple of minor exceptions.

Merchant receipts must NOT contain a balance line

Customer receipt must not contain a signature line

B.6 Moneris Requirements

Moneris has additional receipt requirements that are not covered by this section due to direct contradictions with requirements as provided by other processing institutions and the card brands themselves. The receipt requirements documented are insufficient to comply with Moneris requirements but do comply with the card brand requirements. The additional requirements imposed are specific to Moneris and appear to be arbitrary, a large enough merchant might be able to negotiate different receipt formats since there is no industry regulation being followed.

If intending to work with Moneris, it is required that integrators create a custom receipt template specific to Moneris that is used only on Moneris, and a separate template that is used for all other processors. Integrators must contact Moneris directly to receive their receipt formatting requirements. UniTerm does return sufficient data to format the Moneris-specific receipts, it simply may require some data to be manipulated, formatted, or translated to different languages to comply with their requirements.

B.7 Receipt Examples

Main Street successfully certified EMV, across several processors, using the examples provided below. Note these examples were designed to format properly on a common 25 character receipt printer.



Note: Receipt requirements required for the card brands for EMV and various processors tend to be very strict. We strongly recommend integrators make their receipts resemble those of the examples as closely as possible. Any divergence from the receipt examples provided below may require you seek validation of such receipts from your processor.

B.7.1 EMV Insert, Signature Required

B.7.1.1 Uniterm Response Data

PARAMETER	VALUE
account	XXXXXXXXXXXX0119
auth	152013
batch	1
cardholdername	VISA ACQUIRER TEST/CARD 01
cardlevel	VISA_TRADITIONAL
cardtype	VISA
code	HTUA
item	27

language	en
merch_addr1	123 STREET NAME
merch_addr2	CITY, STATE ZIP
merch_id	1834
merch_name	MERCHANT NAME
merch_phone	(888) 555-1234
merch_proc	GLOBALPAY
msoft_code	INT_SUCCESS
pclevel	0
phard_code	SUCCESS
rcpt_custom	REC #:000027,TRN REF #:355724280069888,VAL CODE:BBCD
rcpt_emv_ac	8F73ED36C8F2C099
rcpt_emv_actype	TC
rcpt_emv_aid	A000000031010
rcpt_emv_cvm	sig
rcpt_emv_name	CREDITO DE VISA
rcpt_emv_tsi	F800
rcpt_emv_tvr	0280008000
rcpt_entry_mode	С
rcpt_host_ts	092215174640
rcpt_issuer_resp_code	00
rcpt_resp_code	000
stan	378222
timestamp	1442944083
ttid	29
u_errorcode	SUCCESS
u_need_signature	yes
verbiage	AP

B.7.1.2 Example Receipt

```
MERCHANT NAME
123 STREET NAME
CITY, STATE ZIP
(888) 555-1234

SALE

MID: 1834 Lane: 1
VISA C
```

```
Card: XXXXXXXXXXXXXXX119
Time: 09/22/15 17:46:40
Order #: 1842
RespCode: 00/000
Auth: 152013 Batch: 1
STAN: 378222
REC #:
TRN REF #:355724280069888
VAL CODE:
AMOUNT:
                   1.00
       APPROVED
SIGNATURE
VISA ACQUIRER TEST/CARD
          01
CARDHOLDER WILL PAY CARD
 ISSUER ABOVE AMOUNT
PURSUANT TO CARDHOLDER
       AGREEMENT
CREDITO DE VISA
AID A0000000031010
TVR 0280008000
TSI F800
TC 8F73ED36C8F2C099
IMPORTANT - RETAIN THIS
 COPY FOR YOUR RECORDS
     MERCHANT COPY
     MERCHANT NAME
    123 STREET NAME
    CITY, STATE ZIP
     (888) 555-1234
         SALE
MID: 1834 Lane: 1
VISA
Card: XXXXXXXXXXXXX0119
Time: 09/22/15 17:46:40
Order #: 1842
TTID:
RespCode: 00/000
Auth: 152013 Batch: 1
STAN: 378222
REC #: 000027
REC #:
TRN REF #:355724280069888
VAL CODE:
                   BBCD
AMOUNT:
                    1.00
       APPROVED
CREDITO DE VISA
```

AID A0000000031010 TVR 0280008000 TSI F800 TC 8F73ED36C8F2C099

IMPORTANT - RETAIN THIS COPY FOR YOUR RECORDS

CUSTOMER COPY

B.7.2 EMV Insert, PIN Verified

B.7.2.1 Uniterm Response Data

PARAMETER	VALUE
account	XXXXXXXXXXXX0036
auth	602664
batch	1
cardholdername	VISA ACQUIRER TEST/CARD 03
cardlevel	VISA_TRADITIONAL
cardtype	VISA
code	AUTH
item	7
language	en
merch_addr1	123 STREET NAME
merch_addr2	CITY, STATE ZIP
merch_id	1834
merch_name	MERCHANT NAME
merch_phone	(888) 555-1234
merch_proc	GLOBALPAY
msoft_code	INT_SUCCESS
pclevel	0
phard_code	SUCCESS
rcpt_custom	REC #:000007,TRN REF #:638114437174992,VAL CODE:BBCD
rcpt_emv_ac	2F0346EBCA494BF4
rcpt_emv_actype	TC
rcpt_emv_aid	A000000031010
rcpt_emv_cvm	pin
rcpt_emv_name	CREDITO DE VISA
rcpt_emv_tsi	F800
rcpt_emv_tvr	0080008000
rcpt_entry_mode	С
rcpt_host_ts	092215172258
rcpt_issuer_resp_code	00
rcpt_resp_code	000
stan	563536

timest	amp 1442942662
t	tid 7
u_errorc	ode SUCCESS
verbi	age AP

B.7.2.2 Example Receipt

```
MERCHANT NAME
    123 STREET NAME
    CITY, STATE ZIP
    (888) 555-1234
         SALE
MID: 1834 Lane: 1
VISA
Card:
       XXXXXXXXXXXXX0036
Time: 09/22/15 17:22:58
Order #: 5705
TTID:
TTID: 7
RespCode: 00/000
Auth: 602664 Batch: 1
STAN: 563536
REC #: 000007
TRN REF #:638114437174992
VAL CODE:
                  BBCD
                 337.00
AMOUNT:
    VERIFIED BY PIN
       APPROVED
CREDITO DE VISA
AID A0000000031010
TVR 0080008000
TSI F800
TC 2F0346EBCA494BF4
IMPORTANT - RETAIN THIS
 COPY FOR YOUR RECORDS
     MERCHANT COPY
    MERCHANT NAME
    123 STREET NAME
    CITY, STATE ZIP
    (888) 555-1234
        SALE
MID: 1834 Lane: 1
VISA
Card: XXXXXXXXXXXXX0036
Time: 09/22/15 17:22:58
Order #: 5705
TTID:
                     7
RespCode: 00/000
```

EMV Receipt Requirements

Auth: 602664 Batch: 1
STAN: 563536
REC #: 000007
TRN REF #:638114437174992
VAL CODE: BBCD

AMOUNT: 337.00

VERIFIED BY PIN

APPROVED

CREDITO DE VISA
AID A000000031010
TVR 0080008000
TSI F800
TC 2F0346EBCA494BF4

IMPORTANT - RETAIN THIS
COPY FOR YOUR RECORDS

CUSTOMER COPY

B.7.3 EMV Insert, No CVM

B.7.3.1 Uniterm Response Data

PARAMETER	VALUE
account	XXXXXXXXXX1005
auth	232508
batch	1
cardholdername	AEIPS 32/VER 1.0
cardtype	AMEX
code	AUTH
item	2
language	en
merch_addr1	123 STREET NAME
merch_addr2	CITY, STATE ZIP
merch_id	1836
merch_name	MERCHANT NAME
merch_phone	(888) 555-1234
merch_proc	GLOBALPAY
msoft_code	INT_SUCCESS
pclevel	0
phard_code	SUCCESS
rcpt_custom	REC #:000002,TRN REF #:416237190201752
rcpt_emv_ac	5C221DC28EB72FCF
rcpt_emv_actype	TC
rcpt_emv_aid	A000000025010801
rcpt_emv_cvm	none
rcpt_emv_name	AMERICAN EXPRESS
rcpt_emv_tsi	F800
rcpt_emv_tvr	000008000
rcpt_entry_mode	С
rcpt_host_ts	092515194045
rcpt_issuer_resp_code	000
rcpt_resp_code	000
stan	000514
timestamp	1443210133

ttid 7	79
u_errorcode Si	SUCCESS
verbiage A	AP

B.7.3.2 Example Receipt

```
MERCHANT NAME
    123 STREET NAME
    CITY, STATE ZIP
    (888) 555-1234
         SALE
MID: 1836
               Lane: 1
AMEX
Card:
         XXXXXXXXXXX1005
Time: 09/25/15 19:40:45
Order #:
               41
TTID:
TTID: 000/000 RespCode: 000/000
Auth: 232508
              Batch: 1
       000514
STAN:
REC #:
                  000002
TRN REF #:416237190201752
                  62.00
AMOUNT:
       APPROVED
AMERICAN EXPRESS
AID A000000025010801
TVR 0000008000
TSI F800
TC 5C221DC28EB72FCF
IMPORTANT - RETAIN THIS
 COPY FOR YOUR RECORDS
     MERCHANT COPY
_____
     MERCHANT NAME
    123 STREET NAME
    CITY, STATE ZIP
    (888) 555-1234
         SALE
MID: 1836
               Lane: 1
AMEX
Card: XXXXXXXXXXXX1005
Time: 09/25/15 19:40:45
Order #:
                      79
TTID:
RespCode:
               000/000
Auth: 232508
               Batch: 1
STAN:
                000514
REC #:
                  000002
TRN REF #:416237190201752
```

AMOUNT: 62.00

APPROVED

AMERICAN EXPRESS AID A000000025010801 TVR 0000008000

TSI F800

TC 5C221DC28EB72FCF

IMPORTANT - RETAIN THIS
COPY FOR YOUR RECORDS

CUSTOMER COPY

B.7.4 EMV Insert, Card Decline

B.7.4.1 Uniterm Response Data

PARAMETER	VALUE
account	XXXXXXXXXXXX0010
cardtype	VISA
code	DENY
merch_addr1	123 STREET NAME
merch_addr2	CITY, STATE ZIP
merch_id	1834
merch_name	MERCHANT NAME
merch_phone	(888) 555-1234
merch_proc	GLOBALPAY
rcpt_emv_ac	BA9BD3FAC8ADD6C7
rcpt_emv_actype	AAC
rcpt_emv_aid	A000000031010
rcpt_emv_cvm	pin
rcpt_emv_name	CREDITO DE VISA
rcpt_emv_tsi	E800
rcpt_emv_tvr	0280A08000
rcpt_entry_mode	С
rcpt_host_ts	092215134154
u_errorcode	EMV_CARD_DENY
verbiage	Transaction aborted - declined by card

B.7.4.2 Example Receipt

```
MERCHANT NAME

123 STREET NAME

CITY, STATE ZIP

(888) 555-1234

SALE

MID: 1834 Lane: 1

VISA C

Card: XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX0010

Time: 09/22/15 13:41:54

Order #: 17421

AMOUNT: 22.00
```

```
DECLINED BY CARD
    VERIFIED BY PIN
       DECLINED
CREDITO DE VISA
AID A0000000031010
TVR 0280A08000
TSI E800
AAC BA9BD3FAC8ADD6C7
IMPORTANT - RETAIN THIS
 COPY FOR YOUR RECORDS
     MERCHANT COPY
    MERCHANT NAME
    123 STREET NAME
    CITY, STATE ZIP
    (888) 555-1234
         SALE
MID: 1834 Lane: 1
VISA
Card: XXXXXXXXXXXXX0010
Time: 09/22/15 13:41:54
Order #:
                  17421
AMOUNT:
                   22.00
   DECLINED BY CARD
    VERIFIED BY PIN
       DECLINED
CREDITO DE VISA
AID A0000000031010
TVR 0280A08000
TSI E800
AAC BA9BD3FAC8ADD6C7
IMPORTANT - RETAIN THIS
 COPY FOR YOUR RECORDS
     CUSTOMER COPY
```

B.7.5 EMV Insert, Card Removed (Decline)

B.7.5.1 Uniterm Response Data

PARAMETER	VALUE
code	DENY
merch_addr1	123 STREET NAME
merch_addr2	CITY, STATE ZIP
merch_id	1818
merch_name	MERCHANT NAME
merch_phone	(888) 555-1234
merch_proc	GLOBALPAY
u_errorcode	EMV_CARD_REMOVED
verbiage	Card Removed

B.7.5.2 Example Receipt

```
MERCHANT NAME
     123 STREET NAME
    CITY, STATE ZIP
    (888) 555-1234
         SALE
MID: 1818
               Lane: 1
Time: 09/24/15 14:43:46
Order #:
AMOUNT:
                   1.00
     CARD REMOVED
       DECLINED
 IMPORTANT - RETAIN THIS
 COPY FOR YOUR RECORDS
     MERCHANT COPY
    MERCHANT NAME
    123 STREET NAME
    CITY, STATE ZIP
    (888) 555-1234
         SALE
MID: 1818
               Lane: 1
Time: 09/24/15 14:43:46
Order #:
                  6224
```

AMOUNT: 1.00

CARD REMOVED

DECLINED

IMPORTANT - RETAIN THIS
COPY FOR YOUR RECORDS

CUSTOMER COPY

B.7.6 EMV Insert, Interac

B.7.6.1 Uniterm Response Data

PARAMETER	VALUE
account	XXXXXXXXXXX1933
auth	175180
avs	UNKNOWN
batch	1
cardholdername	Test Card 1
cardtype	INTERAC
code	AUTH
item	10
language	en
merch_addr1	123 STREET NAME
merch_addr2	CITY, STATE ZIP
merch_id	3636
merch_name	MERCHANT NAME
merch_phone	(888) 555-1234
merch_proc	PAYMENTECH
msoft_code	INT_SUCCESS
pclevel	0
phard_code	SUCCESS
rcpt_acct_type	checking
rcpt_emv_ac	882D8427A268E214
rcpt_emv_actype	TC
rcpt_emv_aid	A0000002771010
rcpt_emv_cvm	pin
rcpt_emv_name	Interac
rcpt_emv_tsi	7800
rcpt_emv_tvr	8000008000
rcpt_entry_mode	С
rcpt_host_ts	092515155118
rcpt_resp_code	A
stan	00298722
timestamp	1443210676

ttid	10
u_errorcode	SUCCESS
verbiage	APPROVED

B.7.6.2 Example Receipt

```
MERCHANT NAME
      123 STREET NAME
      CITY, STATE ZIP
      (888) 555-1234
             SALE
MID: 3636 Lane: 1
INTERAC C
Acct Type: CHEQUING
Card: XXXXXXXXXXXX1933
Time: 09/25/15 15:51:18
Order #: 899065992
TTID: 10
RespCode: A
Auth: 175180 Batch: 1
STAN: 00298722
AMOUNT:
                         5.01
      VERIFIED BY PIN
          APPROVED
Interac
AID A0000002771010
TVR 8000008000
TSI 7800
TC 882D8427A268E214
 IMPORTANT - RETAIN THIS
  COPY FOR YOUR RECORDS
       MERCHANT COPY
 _____
       MERCHANT NAME
      123 STREET NAME
      CITY, STATE ZIP
      (888) 555-1234
             SALE
MID: 3636 Lane: 1
INTERAC C
Acct Type: CHEQUING
Card: XXXXXXXXXXXXX1933
Time: 09/25/15 15:51:18
Order #: 899065992
TTID: 10
RespCode: A
Auth: 175180 Batch: 1
STAN: 00298722
```

AMOUNT: 5.01

VERIFIED BY PIN

APPROVED

Interac

AID A0000002771010

TVR 8000008000

TSI 7800

TC 882D8427A268E214

IMPORTANT - RETAIN THIS
COPY FOR YOUR RECORDS

CUSTOMER COPY

B.7.7 EMV Contactless, Interac Flash Decline

B.7.7.1 Uniterm Response Data

PARAMETER	VALUE
account	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
cardtype	INTERAC
code	DENY
issuer_decline	yes
language	en
merch_addr1	123 STREET NAME
merch_addr2	CITY, STATE ZIP
merch_id	1625
merch_name	MERCHANT NAME
merch_phone	(888) 555-1234
msoft_code	INT_SUCCESS
phard_code	GENERICFAIL
printdata	CARD CANCELLED*REFER TO BRANCH
rcpt_acct_type	flash
rcpt_custom	refnum:660136000010016710
rcpt_emv_ac	ED538D29D3390729
rcpt_emv_actype	ARQC
rcpt_emv_aid	A0000002771010
rcpt_emv_cvm	unknown
rcpt_emv_name	Interac
rcpt_emv_tvr	0080008000
rcpt_entry_mode	T
rcpt_host_ts	072015180303
rcpt_issuer_resp_code	05
rcpt_resp_code	058
sequenceid	671
timestamp	1437429783
ttid	861
u_errorcode	MONETRA_ERROR
verbiage	DECLINED * CARD CANCELLED

B.7.7.2 Example Receipt

COPY FOR YOUR RECORDS
MERCHANT/CUSTOMER COPY

```
MERCHANT NAME
    123 STREET NAME
    CITY, STATE ZIP
    (888) 555-1234
         SALE
MID: 1625
               Lane: 1
INTERAC
Acct Type: FLASH DEFAULT
Card: XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX1311
Date/Time: 072015180303
Order #: 899065992
TTID:
                     861
refnum:660136000010016710
AMOUNT:
                    1.09
       DECLINED
Interac
AID A0000002771010
TVR 0080008000
ARQC ED538D29D3390729
IMPORTANT - RETAIN THIS
```

B.7.8 EMV Contactless, Decline

B.7.8.1 Uniterm Response Data

PARAMETER	VALUE
account	XXXXXXXXXXX0010
cardholdername	ETEC/PAYPASS
cardtype	MC
code	DENY
language	en
merch_addr1	123 STREET NAME
merch_addr2	CITY, STATE ZIP
merch_id	1625
merch_name	MERCHANT NAME
merch_phone	(888) 555-1234
msoft_code	INT_SUCCESS
phard_code	GENERICFAIL
rcpt_custom	refnum:660136000010016700
rcpt_emv_ac	16D1284D85A29DF2
rcpt_emv_actype	ARQC
rcpt_emv_aid	A000000041010
rcpt_emv_cvm	none
rcpt_emv_name	PPC MCD 01 v2 2
rcpt_emv_tvr	000008000
rcpt_entry_mode	T
rcpt_issuer_resp_code	51
rcpt_resp_code	481
sequenceid	670
timestamp	1437429662
ttid	860
u_errorcode	MONETRA_ERROR
verbiage	DECLINED *

B.7.8.2 Example Receipt

MERCHANT NAME 123 STREET NAME CITY, STATE ZIP (888) 555-1234 SALE

MID: 1625 Lane: 1

MC T

Card: XXXXXXXXXXXX0010

Date/Time: 072015180102

Order #: 899065992

TTID: 860

refnum:660136000010016700

AMOUNT: 10.51

DECLINED

PPC MCD 01 v2 2 AID A0000000041010 TVR 0000008000

ARQC 16D1284D85A29DF2

IMPORTANT - RETAIN THIS
COPY FOR YOUR RECORDS

MERCHANT/CUSTOMER COPY

C UniTerm Code Examples

C.1 Microsoft C# using libmonetra

```
1 /* Monetra Uniterm example program in C#
 2
    * Depends on the libmonetra C\# .Net native API
 3
    * Implemented based on the Monetra Uniterm Guide in conjunction with the
    * Monetra Client Interface Protocol Specification
 8
    * Please contact support@monetra.com with any questions
9
   * /
10 using System;
11 using System.Collections;
12 using System. Diagnostics;
13 using System.IO;
14 using System. Text;
15 using System.Threading;
16 using libmonetra;
17
18 /* NOTE: if compiling with Mono, you can use
           gmcs /unsafe utest.cs libmonetra.cs
20
   * /
21
22 class UTest {
    /* Uniterm Connectivity Information
     * NOTE: this is the default, it is possible to change, but 99%
            of deployments will probably use this Uniterm information
26
            as-is
27
     * /
29 private const int uniterm_port
                                     = 8123;
30
31 /* Authentication information
    * NOTE: This information corresponds with the public test server
32
            at testbox.monetra.com:8665 */
33
   = "test_retail:public";
34
35
36
37
38
   static string uniterm_path()
39
40
    switch (Environment.OSVersion.Platform) {
41
    case PlatformID.Win32NT:
     case PlatformID.Win32S:
     case PlatformID.Win32Windows:
44
      case PlatformID.WinCE:
45
      return "C:\\Program Files\\Main Street Softworks\\Monetra Uniterm\\monetra_uniterm.exe";
46
      default:
47
       return "/usr/local/monetra/bin/monetra_uniterm";
48
49
51 /*! Function to launch the Uniterm from the current process.
```

```
52 * If we don't launch it from the current process, it won't be given
        * focus! (at least on Windows this is true, until the first
       * manual focus is performed by an end-user) */
 54
      static void uniterm_launch()
 55
 56
 57
       Process uniterm
                                        = new Process();
       uniterm.StartInfo.FileName
 58
                                        = uniterm_path();
 59
       uniterm.StartInfo.CreateNoWindow = true;
 60
 61
       uniterm.Start();
 62
       /* Make sure Uniterm is ready before returning,
        * Sleep 1000ms (1s) */
 64
       System.Threading.Thread.Sleep(1000);
 65
      }
 66
 67
 68
      /*! Function to connect to an endpoint which uses the standard 'monetra'
        * style protocol (so either Monetra itself, or Uniterm)
       * \param[in] host Resolvable hostname or IP address to connect to
 71
       * \param[in] port
 72
                              Port associated with hostname to establish an SSL
 73
                              connection to
       * \param[out] errorstr Textual error message if returns null
 74
 75
       * \return Initialized connection class on success. null on failure
 76
       * /
 77
      static Monetra uniterm_connect_host(string host, int port, ref string errorstr)
 78
 79
       /* Initialize the Class */
 80
       Monetra conn = new Monetra();
 81
 82
       errorstr = "";
 83
 84
       /* We always want to use an SSL connection to Monetra and Uniterm */
 85
       conn.SetSSL(host, port);
 86
       /* Do not verify the SSL certificate, Monetra and the Uniterm
 87
        * use self-signed certificates by default which cannot be validated.
 89
        * The connection is still encrypted, the endpoint just isn't strictly
 90
        * validated */
 91
       conn.VerifySSLCert(false);
 92
 93
       /* This makes it so TransSend() will block until a response is
        * received from Monetra. Simplifies the API since we will never
 95
        * have more than one outstanding transaction per connection in
 96
        * this application */
       conn.SetBlocking(true);
 97
 98
 99
       /* Connect! */
100
       if (!conn.Connect()) {
       errorstr = conn.ConnectionError();
101
102
        return null;
       }
103
104
105
       return conn;
106
107
108
109 /*! Wrapper function to connect to Uniterm
```

```
110 * \param[out] errorstr Textual error message if returns null
       * \return Initialized connection class on success. null on failure
111
       * /
112
113
      static Monetra uniterm_connect(ref string errorstr)
114
115
      Monetra conn;
116
       string myerror = "";
117
       conn = uniterm_connect_host(uniterm_host, uniterm_port, ref myerror);
118
       if (conn == null) {
119
       errorstr = "Connection to Uniterm Failed: " + myerror;
120
      }
121
      return conn;
      }
122
123
124
125
      /*! Request a transaction from Uniterm as documented in the Uniterm Guide.
126
      * The Key/Value pair params are a combination of the Parameters as
127
         documented in the Uniterm Guide and the Monetra Client Interface
128
      * Protocol Spec.
129
       * \param[in] uniterm_conn Initialized connection to Uniterm
130
                                  as returned by uniterm_connect()
       * \param[in] mparams
131
                                 Array of key/value parameters to send to
132
                                 Uniterm
       * \return Hashtable of string key/value pairs from response. Please refer
134
                to the Uniterm Guide and Monetra Client Interface Protocol
135
                 specification for the applicable list based on the action being
136
                 performed. "code" and "u_errorcode" are always guaranteed to
137
                 be returned.
       * /
138
139
      static Hashtable uniterm_sendrequest(Monetra uniterm_conn, Hashtable mparams)
140
141
       int id;
142
143
       Hashtable response = new Hashtable();
144
       /* Request a new transaction from libmonetra */
146
       id = uniterm_conn.TransNew();
147
148
       /st For each item in the params hashtable, add it to the transaction st/
149
       foreach (DictionaryEntry kv in mparams) {
150
       uniterm_conn.TransKeyVal(id, (String)kv.Key, (String)kv.Value);
151
       }
152
153
       /* Send the request to the Uniterm. It will not return until
154
       * a response is available, or a disconnect is detected */
155
       if (!uniterm_conn.TransSend(id)) {
156
       /* Disconnect detected, return an appropriate error condition!
        * This should really never happen though... */
157
158
       response["code"]
                               = "DENY";
       response["u_errorcode"] = "CONN_ERROR";
159
                              = "Connection to Uniterm failed: "
        response["verbiage"]
160
161
                                  + uniterm_conn.ConnectionError();
162
        return response;
       }
163
164
165
       /* Save the response parameters from the Uniterm into a
166
       * HashTable as our function prototype states. */
167
       string[] keys = uniterm_conn.ResponseKeys(id);
```

```
for (int i=0; i < keys.Length; i++) {</pre>
169
       response[keys[i]] = uniterm_conn.ResponseParam(id, keys[i]);
170
171
172
       /* Free up some memory by purging unneeded data */
173
       uniterm_conn.DeleteTrans(id);
174
175
      return response;
176
      }
177
178
179
     /*! Tell Uniterm to shutdown. Since we start it up, we should make sure
       * we turn it off prior to exiting otherwise the user will be prompted
180
       * with an error message stating the Uniterm is already running on the
181
      * next execution of this application!
182
      * \param[in] uniterm_conn Initialized connection to the Uniterm
183
184
                                 as returned by uniterm_connect()
185
       * /
186
      static void uniterm_shutdown(Monetra uniterm_conn)
187
188
      Hashtable mparams = new Hashtable();
189
      mparams["u_action"] = "shutdown";
190
      uniterm_sendrequest(uniterm_conn, mparams);
191
      }
192
193
194
      /*! Main entry point to this application to be executed */
195
      static void Main()
196
      {
197
      Monetra
                 uniterm_conn;
198
       string
                 errorstr = "";
199
       Hashtable response;
200
201
       /* Step1: Launch the Uniterm */
202
       uniterm_launch();
203
       Console.WriteLine("Uniterm Launched");
204
205
       /* Step2: Connect to the Uniterm */
206
       uniterm_conn = uniterm_connect(ref errorstr);
207
       if (uniterm_conn == null) {
208
       Console.WriteLine("Failure: " + errorstr);
209
       return;
210
211
       Console.WriteLine("Connected to Uniterm");
212
213
214
       /* Step3: Send txnrequest to Uniterm */
       Hashtable mparams = new Hashtable();
215
216
       /* Append the parameters for the txnrequest */
217
       mparams["username"]
                             = monetra_user;
218
       mparams["password"]
                               = monetra_pass;
                             = "txnrequest";
219
       mparams["u_action"]
220
       mparams["u_devicetype"] = "ingenico_rba";
221
       mparams["u_device"]
                               = "USB";
222
223
       /* Append the parameters for the transaction that will also get passed
224
       * to Monetra such as the 'action', 'amount', etc. as described in the
      * Monetra Client Interface Protocol Specification */
```

```
mparams["action"] = "sale";
      mparams["amount"] = "12.00";
227
      mparams["ordernum"] = "123456";
228
229
      mparams["comments"] = "u_txnrequest";
230
231
      response = uniterm_sendrequest(uniterm_conn, mparams);
232
      if (String.Compare((string)response["code"], "AUTH", true) != 0) {
233
       Console.WriteLine("Transaction failed.");
234
      } else {
235
       Console.WriteLine("Transaction SUCCESSFUL!");
236
237
      /* Print out all the response key/value pairs ... */
238
      foreach (DictionaryEntry kv in response) {
       Console.WriteLine("\t" + (string)kv.Key + " = " + (string)kv.Value);
240
241
242
243
      /* NOTE: No real reason to exit here ... we could just keep running
244
               Step 3 all day long as long as you keep the uniterm_conn handle.
245
               No reason to keep disconnecting and reconnecting, or
246
               starting/stopping the Uniterm.
       * /
247
248
249
      /* Step4: Cleanup */
250
      uniterm_shutdown(uniterm_conn);
251
252
      /* Connections will be automatically closed when the uniterm_conn
       * initialized class is closed by the destructor/garbage
253
254
        * collector */
255
256
257
    }
258
259
```

C.2 Microsoft C# using XML and HttpWebRequest

```
1 /* Monetra Uniterm example program in C# using XML and HttpWebRequest
    * Works with .Net Compact Framework v2
 3
 4
     * Implemented based on the Monetra Uniterm Guide in conjunction with the
 5
 6
     * Monetra Client Interface Protocol Specification
 7
    * Please contact support@monetra.com with any questions
 8
    * /
 9
10 using System;
11 using System.Diagnostics;
12 using System.Collections.Generic;
13 using System.Text;
14 using System.IO;
15 using System. Threading;
16 using System.Collections;
17 using System.Net;
18 using System.Xml;
19 using System.ComponentModel;
```

```
20 using System.Windows.Forms;
 21 using System.Security.Cryptography.X509Certificates;
 22
 23 /* NOTE: if compiling with Mono, you can use
 24
               gmcs -r:System.Windows.Forms.dll utest_xml.cs
 25
 26
 27 class utest_xml
 28 {
 29
      /* Uniterm Connectivity Information
 30 * NOTE: this is the default, it is possible to change, but 99%
 31
              of deployments will probably use this Uniterm information
 32
              as-is
      * /
 33
     private const string uniterm_host = "localhost";
 34
      private const int uniterm_port = 8123;
 35
 36
 37
      /* Authentication information
 38
       * NOTE: This information corresponds with the public test server
              at testbox.monetra.com:8665 */
 39
     private const string monetra_user = "test_retail:public";
 40
     private const string monetra_pass = "publ1ct3st";
 41
 42
 43
 44
     static string uniterm_path()
 45
 46
      switch (Environment.OSVersion.Platform) {
        case PlatformID.Win32NT:
 47
 48
        case PlatformID.Win32S:
        case PlatformID.Win32Windows:
 49
 50
        case PlatformID.WinCE:
 51
        return "C:\\Program Files\\Main Street Softworks\\Monetra Uniterm\\monetra_uniterm.exe";
 52
        default:
 53
        return "/usr/local/monetra/bin/monetra_uniterm";
 54
 55
     }
 56
 57
      /*! Function to launch Uniterm from the current process.
 58
       * If we don't launch it from the current process, it won't be given
 59
 60
       * focus! (at least on Windows this is true, until the first
 61
       * manual focus is performed by an end-user) */
      static void uniterm_launch()
 62
 63
 64
       Process monetra_uniterm = new Process();
      monetra_uniterm.StartInfo.FileName = uniterm_path();
 65
 66
       /* Not supported on CE
        * monetra_uniterm.StartInfo.CreateNoWindow = true;
 67
        * /
 68
 69
 70
       monetra_uniterm.Start();
 71
 72
        /* Make sure Uniterm is ready before returning,
       * Sleep 1000ms (1s) */
 73
 74
       System.Threading.Thread.Sleep(1000);
 75
      }
 76
 77
```

```
78 /*! Trust all SSL server certificates */
 79
      internal class AcceptAllCertificatePolicy : ICertificatePolicy
 80
       public AcceptAllCertificatePolicy()
 81
 82
 83
       public bool CheckValidationResult(ServicePoint sPoint,
 84
 85
                                        X509Certificate cert,
 86
                                        WebRequest wRequest, int certProb)
 87
 88
       // *** Always accept
       return true;
       }
 90
 91
      }
 92
 93
 94
      /*! Function to POST and XML message to a Monetra-like entity
         (Monetra or Uniterm) via HTTPS. It will return
 96
      * the key/value pairs from the XML response
                         Host to connect to
 97
      * \param[in] host
      * \param[in] port
 98
                              Port to connect to (via SSL/HTTPS)
      * \param[in] xml
 99
                              String-form XML to post
100
      * \return True on successful communication, False if communication failed.
              Note: True doesn't mean the transaction itself was successful.
101
102
      * /
103
      static Hashtable uniterm_https_post(string host, int port, string xml)
104
105
      Hashtable
                      response = new Hashtable();
106
       string
                      url = "https://" + host + ":" + port.ToString();
107
       HttpWebRequest req
                               = (HttpWebRequest)WebRequest.Create(url);
108
       string
                      xmlout;
109
110
       try {
111
       /* POST Request */
112
       /* Disable SSL Server Certificate Checking */
113
114
       System.Net.ServicePointManager.CertificatePolicy =
        new AcceptAllCertificatePolicy();
115
116
117
       byte[] bytes;
118
        bytes
                              = System.Text.Encoding.ASCII.GetBytes(xml);
119
       req.Method
                              = "POST";
      req.ContentType
120
                              = "text/xml";
121
      req.ContentLength
                              = bytes.Length;
122
      Stream reqStream
                              = req.GetRequestStream();
123
      reqStream.Write(bytes, 0, bytes.Length);
124
       reqStream.Close();
125
126
       /* Read Response */
        / \, {}^\star Note issues with .Net CF v2 as per below:
127
128
          http://blogs.msdn.com/b/andrewarnottms/archive/2007/11/19/why-net-compact-framework-fa
         * http://support.microsoft.com/kb/970549
129
130
         * If the Server is OpenSSL, this can be worked around by setting
         * SSL_OP_DONT_INSERT_EMPTY_FRAGMENTS
131
132
133
        HttpWebResponse resp = (HttpWebResponse)req.GetResponse();
134
                              = resp.GetResponseStream();
        Stream respStream
135
        StreamReader rdr = new StreamReader(respStream);
```

```
136 xmlout
                               = rdr.ReadToEnd();
137
       rdr.Close();
       } catch (System.Net.WebException e) {
138
139
       response["code"]
                               = "DENY";
        response["u_errorcode"] = "CONN_ERROR";
140
141
       response["verbiage"]
                                = "Connection to " + url + " failed: " +
                                 e.Message;
142
143
       return response;
144
145
       XmlDocument
                       xmldoc
                                  = new XmlDocument();
146
       xmldoc.LoadXml(xmlout);
147
148
       XmlNodeList
                       trans
                                  = xmldoc.DocumentElement.
149
                                    SelectSingleNode("Resp").ChildNodes;
150
       foreach (XmlNode kv in trans) {
151
       response[kv.Name] = kv.InnerText;
152
153
      return response;
154
155
156
157
      /*! Request a ttransaction from Uniterm as documented in the Monetra
158
      * Uniterm Guide. The Key/Value pair params are a combination of the
       * Parameters as documented in the Uniterm Guide and the Monetra Client
       * Interface Protocol Spec.
161
       * \param[in] mparams Array of key/value parameters to send to Uniterm
       * \return Hashtable of string key/value pairs from response. Please refer
162
163
                 to the Uniterm Guide and Monetra Client Interface Protocol
164
                 specification for the applicable list based on the action being
165
                 performed. "code" and "u_errorcode" are always guaranteed to
166
                 be returned.
167
       * /
168
      static Hashtable uniterm_sendrequest(Hashtable mparams)
169
170
      string XML;
171
      XML = "<MonetraTrans>" +
172
173
               "<Trans identifier='1'>";
174
175
       /* For each item in the params hashtable, add it to the transaction */
176
       foreach (DictionaryEntry kv in mparams) {
      XML = XML + "<" + (String)kv.Key + ">" + (String)kv.Value + "</" +</pre>
177
178
              (string)kv.Key + ">";
179
       }
180
181
      XML = XML + "</Trans></MonetraTrans>";
182
183
      return uniterm_https_post(uniterm_host, uniterm_port, XML);
184
      }
185
186
      /*! Tell Uniterm to shutdown. Since we start it up,
187
188
      * we should make sure we turn it off prior to exiting otherwise
          the user will be prompted with an error message stating
189
190
         Uniterm is already running on the next execution
191
       * of this application!
192
193
      static void uniterm_shutdown()
```

```
194
195
       Hashtable mparams = new Hashtable();
       mparams["u_action"] = "shutdown";
196
197
       uniterm_sendrequest(mparams);
198
199
200
201
      /*! Main entry point to this application to be executed */
202
      static void Main()
203
      {
204
      Hashtable response;
205
       /* Step1: Launch Uniterm */
206
207
       uniterm_launch();
208
       MessageBox.Show("Uniterm Launched");
209
210
211
       /* Step2: Send txnrequest to Uniterm */
212
       Hashtable mparams = new Hashtable();
213
       /* Append the parameters for the ticket request as per the Monetra
214
       * Uniterm Guide, section 4 */
215
       mparams["username"]
                            = monetra_user;
216
       mparams["password"]
                             = monetra_pass;
                             = "txnrequest";
       mparams["u_action"]
217
218
       mparams["u_devicetype"] = "ingenico_rba";
219
       mparams["u_device"]
                              = "USB";
220
221
       /* Append the parameters for the transaction that will also get passed
222
       * to Monetra such as the 'action', 'amount', etc. as described in the
       * Monetra Client Interface Protocol Specification */
223
224
       mparams["action"] = "sale";
225
       mparams["amount"] = "12.00";
226
       mparams["ordernum"] = "123456";
227
       mparams["comments"] = "u_txnrequest";
228
229
       response = uniterm_sendrequest(mparams);
230
       string resultMsq = "";
231
       if (String.Compare((string)response["code"], "AUTH", true) != 0) {
232
       resultMsg = "Transaction failed.\r\n";
233
       } else {
234
       resultMsg = "Transaction SUCCESSFUL!\r\n";
235
       }
236
237
       /* Print out all the response key/value pairs ... */
238
       foreach (DictionaryEntry kv in response) {
239
       resultMsg = resultMsg + (string)kv.Key + " = " + (string)kv.Value +
240
                    "\r\n";
241
       }
242
243
       MessageBox.Show(resultMsg);
244
       /* NOTE: No real reason to exit here ... we could just keep running
245
246
                Step 2 all day long as long.
247
                No reason to keep starting/stopping Uniterm.
248
        * /
249
250
       /* Step3: Cleanup */
251
       uniterm_shutdown();
```

```
252
253  /* Connections will be automatically closed when the uniterm_conn
254  * initialized class is closed by the destructor/garbage
255  * collector */
256  }
257  }
258
```

C.3 Java using libmonetra

```
1 /* Uniterm example program in Java
 3
   * Depends on the libmonetra Java native API
 4
    * Implemented based on the Monetra Uniterm Guide in conjunction with the
 6
    * Monetra Client Interface Protocol Specification
 7
    * Please contact support@monetra.com with any questions
9
10 import java.util.Hashtable;
11 import java.util.Enumeration;
12 import com.mainstreetsoftworks.MONETRA;
14 /* Compile/run with:
        javac -classpath MONETRA.jar utest.java
15
        java -cp "./MONETRA.jar:." utest
16
   * /
17
18
19 class utest {
    /* Uniterm Connectivity Information
     * NOTE: this is the default, it is possible to change, but 99%
2.1
22
          of deployments will probably use this uniterm information
23
            as-is
24
     * /
25 private static String uniterm_host
                                       = "localhost";
26 private static int uniterm_port
                                       = 8123;
27
   /* Authentication information
28
    * NOTE: This information corresponds with the public test server
29
30
            at testbox.monetra.com:8665 */
   33
34
35
   static String uniterm_path()
36
37
    if (System.getProperty("os.name").startsWith("Windows")) {
     return "C:\\Program Files\\Main Street Softworks\\Monetra Uniterm\\monetra_uniterm.exe";
39
     } else {
      return "/usr/local/monetra/bin/monetra_uniterm";
40
41
42
43
    /*! Function to launch Uniterm from the current process. If we don't
45
46 * launch it from the current process, it won't be given focus!
```

```
47 * (at least on Windows this is true, until the first manual focus is
       * performed by an end-user) */
 48
      static void uniterm_launch()
 49
 50
      {
 51
       try {
 52
        Process p = new ProcessBuilder(uniterm_path()).start();
 53
       } catch (java.io.IOException e) {
 54
        System.out.println(e.getMessage());
 55
        System.exit(1);
 56
       }
 57
       /* Make sure Uniterm is ready before returning,
        * Sleep 1000ms (1s) */
 59
       try {
        Thread.sleep(1000);
 60
       } catch (InterruptedException e) {
 61
 62
      }
 63
 64
      /*! Function to connect to an endpoint which uses the standard 'monetra'
 66
       * style protocol (so either Monetra itself, or Uniterm)
       * \param[in] host Resolvable hostname or IP address to connect to
 68
       * \param[in] port
 69
                              Port associated with hostname to establish an SSL
 70
                              connection to
 71
       * \param[out] errorstr Textual error message if returns null
 72
        * \return Initialized connection class on success. null on failure
       * /
 73
 74
      static MONETRA uniterm_connect_host(String host, int port,
 75
                                          StringBuilder errorstr)
 76
 77
       /* Initialize the Class */
 78
       MONETRA conn = new MONETRA("");
 79
 80
       errorstr.setLength(0);
 81
       /* We always want to use an SSL connection to Monetra and Uniterm */
 82
 83
       conn.SetSSL(host, port);
 84
       /* Do not verify the SSL certificate, Monetra and Uniterm
 85
        * use self-signed certificates by default which cannot be validated.
 86
 87
        * The connection is still encrypted, the endpoint just isn't strictly
 88
        * validated */
 89
       conn.VerifySSLCert(0);
 90
 91
       /* This makes it so TransSend() will block until a response is
        * received from Monetra. Simplifies the API since we will never
 92
 93
        * have more than one outstanding transaction per connection in
 94
        * this application */
       conn.SetBlocking(1);
 95
 96
 97
       /* Connect! */
       if (conn.Connect() == 0) {
 98
 99
        errorstr.append(conn.ConnectionError());
100
        return null;
101
       }
102
103
       return conn;
104
      }
```

```
105
106
107
      /*! Wrapper function to connect to Uniterm
      * \param[out] errorstr Textual error message if returns null
108
       * \return Initialized connection class on success. null on failure
109
110
111
      static MONETRA uniterm_connect(StringBuilder errorstr)
112
113
      MONETRA conn;
114
      StringBuilder myerror = new StringBuilder();
115
       conn = uniterm_connect_host(uniterm_host, uniterm_port, myerror);
116
     if (conn == null) {
117
      errorstr.setLength(0);
       errorstr.append("Connection to Uniterm Failed: " +
118
119
                       myerror.toString());
120
121
      return conn;
122
123
124
125
     /*! Request a transaction from Uniterm as documented in the Monetra
      * Uniterm Guide. The Key/Value pair params are a combination of the
      * Parameters as documented in the Uniterm Guide and the Monetra Client
127
      * Interface Protocol Spec.
129
       * \param[in] uniterm_conn Initialized connection to Uniterm
130
                                  as returned by uniterm_connect()
       * \param[in] mparams
131
                                  Array of key/value parameters to send to
132
                                  Uniterm
133
       * \return Hashtable of string key/value pairs from response. Please refer
                 to the Uniterm Guide and Monetra Client Interface Protocol
134
                 specification for the applicable list based on the action being
135
136
                 performed. "code" and "u_errorcode" are always guaranteed to
137
                 be returned.
      * /
138
139
      static Hashtable<String,String> uniterm_sendrequest(MONETRA uniterm_conn,
140
             Hashtable<String,String> mparams)
141
142
      long id;
143
144
       Hashtable response = new Hashtable<String,String>();
145
146
       /* Request a new transaction from libmonetra */
147
       id = uniterm_conn.TransNew();
148
149
       /st For each item in the params hashtable, add it to the transaction st/
150
       for (String key : mparams.keySet()) {
151
       String value = mparams.get(key);
152
       uniterm_conn.TransKeyVal(id, key, value);
153
       }
154
155
       /* Send the request to the Uniterm. It will not return until
       * a response is available, or a disconnect is detected */
156
157
       if (uniterm_conn.TransSend(id) == 0) {
        /* Disconnect detected, return an appropriate error condition!
158
159
         * This should really never happen though... */
160
        response.put("code",
                                    "DENY");
161
        response.put("u_errorcode", "CONN_ERROR");
162
        response.put("verbiage", "Connection to Uniterm failed:"
```

```
163
                                    + uniterm_conn.ConnectionError());
164
       return response;
       }
165
166
167
       /* Save the response parameters from the Uniterm into a
       * HashTable as our function prototype states. */
168
169
       String[] keys = uniterm_conn.ResponseKeys(id);
170
       for (int i=0; i < keys.length; i++) {</pre>
171
       response.put(keys[i], uniterm_conn.ResponseParam(id, keys[i]));
172
       }
173
174
       /* Free up some memory by purging unneeded data */
175
      uniterm_conn.DeleteTrans(id);
176
177
       return response;
178
      }
179
180
181
      /*! Tell Uniterm to shutdown. Since we start it up,
182
       * we should make sure we turn it off prior to exiting otherwise
183
       * the user will be prompted with an error message stating the
      * Uniterm is already running on the next execution
184
       * of this application!
       * \param[in] uniterm_conn Initialized connection to Uniterm
187
                                 as returned by uniterm_connect()
       * /
188
189
      static void uniterm_shutdown(MONETRA uniterm_conn)
190
191
       Hashtable mparams = new Hashtable<String,String>();
192
       mparams.put("u_action", "shutdown");
193
       uniterm_sendrequest(uniterm_conn, mparams);
194
195
196
197
      /*! Main entry point to this application to be executed */
198
      public static void main(String[] args)
199
     {
200
      MONETRA
                                uniterm_conn;
201
       StringBuilder
                                errorstr = new StringBuilder();
202
       Hashtable<String,String> response;
203
       String
204
       /* Step1: Launch Uniterm */
205
206
       uniterm_launch();
207
       System.out.println("Uniterm Launched");
208
209
       /* Step2: Connect to Uniterm */
       uniterm_conn = uniterm_connect(errorstr);
210
211
       if (uniterm_conn == null) {
212
       System.out.println("Failure: " + errorstr.toString());
213
       return
214
215
       System.out.println("Connected to Uniterm");
216
217
       /* Step3: Send a txnrequest to Uniterm */
218
       Hashtable<String,String> mparams = new Hashtable<String,String>();
219
       /* Append the parameters for the txnrequest */
220
       mparams.put("username", monetra_user);
```

```
mparams.put("password", monetra_pass);
222
      mparams.put("u_action",
                                   "txnrequest");
223
224
      mparams.put("u_devicetype", "ingenico_rba");
225
      mparams.put("u_device",
                                   "USB");
226
227
       /* Append the parameters for the transaction that will also get passed
228
       * to Monetra such as the 'action', 'amount', etc. as described in the
229
       * Monetra Client Interface Protocol Specification */
230
      mparams.put("action", "sale");
231
      mparams.put("amount",
                               "12.00");
232
      mparams.put("ordernum", "123456");
      mparams.put("comments", "u_txnrequest");
233
234
235
      response = uniterm_sendrequest(uniterm_conn, mparams);
236
      if (!response.get("code").equalsIgnoreCase("AUTH")) {
237
       System.out.println("Transasction failed.");
238
      } else {
239
       System.out.println("Transasction SUCCESSFUL!");
240
241
242
       /* Print out all the response key/value pairs ... */
243
      for (String key : response.keySet()) {
       String value = response.get(key);
245
       System.out.println("\t^* + key + " = " + value);
246
247
       /* NOTE: No real reason to exit here ... we could just keep running
248
249
               Step 3 all day long as long as you keep the uniterm_conn handle.
250
               No reason to keep disconnecting and reconnecting, or
251
               starting/stopping the Uniterm.
252
       * /
253
      /* Step4: Cleanup */
254
255
      uniterm_shutdown(uniterm_conn);
256
      /* Connections will be automatically closed when the uniterm conn
257
       * initialized classe is closed by the destructor/garbage
258
259
        * collector */
260
     }
261
262
    }
263
264
```

C.4 PHP using libmonetra

```
1 <?php
2  /* Monetra Uniterm example program in PHP
3  *
4  * Depends on the libmonetra PHP native API
5  *
6  * Implemented based on the Monetra Uniterm Guide in conjunction with the
7  * Monetra Client Interface Protocol Specification
8  *
9  * Please contact support@monetra.com with any questions</pre>
```

```
10 */
  11 error_reporting(E_ALL);
  12 require_once("libmonetra.php");
  13
  14
  15
  16 /* Uniterm Connectivity Information
      * NOTE: this is the default, it is possible to change, but 99%
  17
              of deployments will probably use this uniterm information
  18
  19
              as-is
     * /
  20
  21 $uniterm_host
                         = "localhost";
  22 $uniterm_port
                          = 8123;
  23
  24 /* Authentication information
     * NOTE: This information corresponds with the public test server
  26
              at testbox.monetra.com:8665 */
  27 $monetra_user = "test_retail:public";
  28 $monetra_pass
                     = "publ1ct3st";
  29
  30
  31 /* Sets the path of the Uniterm executable. Currently using
  * the default locations */
  33 if (strtoupper(substr(PHP_OS, 0, 3)) === 'WIN') {
  34 /* Windows path */
  35
     $uniterm_path
                           = "C:\\Program Files\\Main Street Softworks\\Monetra Uniterm\\monetra_u
  36 } else {
     /* Unix path */
  37
     $uniterm_path
  38
                           = "/usr/local/monetra/bin/monetra_uniterm";
  39 }
  40
  41
  42 /*! Function to launch Uniterm from the current process.
  43 * If we don't launch it from the current process, it won't be given
  44 * focus! (at least on Windows this is true, until the first
     * manual focus is performed by an end-user) */
  46 function uniterm_launch()
  47 {
      global $uniterm_path;
  48
     if (class_exists("COM")) {
  49
       /* Must be running windows */
  51
       $WshShell = new COM("WScript.Shell");
                = $WshShell->Run('"' . $uniterm_path . '"', 10, false);
  52
       $oExec
  53
     } else {
      /* Must be on a Unix system */
  54
      system("'" . $uniterm_path . "'" . " > /dev/null 2>&1 &");
  55
  56
  57
     /* Make sure Uniterm is ready before returning,
      * sleep 2s */
  59
  60
     sleep(2);
  61 }
  62
  63
  64 /*! Function to connect to an endpoint which uses the standard 'monetra'
      * style protocol (so either Monetra itself, or Uniterm)
       * \param[in] host Resolvable hostname or IP address to connect to
67 * \param[in] port Port associated with hostname to establish an SSL
```

```
connection to
      * \param[out] errorstr Textual error message if returns null
      * \return Initialized connection on success. null on failure
 70
71
 72
    function uniterm_connect_host($host, $port, &$errorstr)
 73
 74
     /* Initialize the Connection */
 75
     $conn = M_InitConn();
 76
 77
     $errorstr = "";
 78
 79
     /* We always want to use an SSL connection to Monetra and Uniterm */
 80
     M_SetSSL($conn, $host, $port);
 81
     /* Do not verify the SSL certificate, Monetra and Uniterm
 82
      * use self-signed certificates by default which cannot be validated.
 83
      * The connection is still encrypted, the endpoint just isn't strictly
 84
      * validated */
 85
     M_VerifySSLCert($conn, false);
 86
 87
     /* This makes it so TransSend() will block until a response is
 88
      * received from Monetra. Simplifies the API since we will never
 89
 90
      * have more than one outstanding transaction per connection in
      * this application */
 92
    M_SetBlocking($conn, true);
 93
 94
     /* Connect! */
 95
     if (!M_Connect($conn)) {
 96
      $errorstr = M_ConnectionError($conn);
 97
      return null;
 98
99
100
    return $conn;
101 }
102
103
104 /*! Wrapper function to connect to Uniterm
     * \param[out] errorstr Textual error message if returns null
105
106
     * \return Initialized connection on success. null on failure
     * /
107
108 function uniterm_connect(&$errorstr)
109 {
110
    global $uniterm_host, $uniterm_port;
111
112  $myerror = "";
$$ $conn = uniterm_connect_host($uniterm_host, $uniterm_port, &$myerror);
114
    if ($conn == null) {
      $errorstr = "Connection to Uniterm Failed: " . $myerror;
115
116
    }
117
    return $conn;
118 }
119
120
    /*! Request a transaction from Uniterm as documented in the Uniterm Guide.
121
122
     * The Key/Value pair params are a combination of the Parameters as
123
      * documented in the Uniterm Guide and the Monetra Client Interface Protocol
124
      * Spec.
125 * \param[in] uniterm_conn Initialized connection to Uniterm as returned by
```

```
126
                                 uniterm_connect()
127
      * \param[in] params
                                 Array of key/value parameters to send to Uniterm
128
      * \return Array of string key/value pairs from response. Please refer to the
129
130
                Uniterm Guide and Monetra Client Interface Protocol specification
131
                for the applicable list based on the action being performed.
                "code" and "u_errorcode" are always guaranteed to be returned.
132
133
134
     function uniterm_sendrequest($uniterm_conn, $params)
135
136
      $response = array();
137
138
     /* Request a new transaction from libmonetra */
139
     $id = M_TransNew($uniterm_conn);
140
141
      /* For each item in the params array, add it to the transaction */
142
     foreach ($params as $key => $value) {
143
      M_TransKeyVal($uniterm_conn, $id, $key, $value);
144
145
146
      /\star Send the request to the Uniterm. It will not return until a
147
      * response is available, or a disconnect is detected */
148
     if (!M_TransSend($uniterm_conn, $id)) {
      /* Disconnect detected, return an appropriate error condition!
149
150
       * This should really never happen though... */
151
       $response["code"]
                               = "DENY";
       $response["u_errorcode"] = "CONN_ERROR";
152
       $response["verbiage"]
                              = "Connection to Uniterm failed: " .
153
154
                                  M_ConnectionError($uniterm_conn);
155
      return $response;
156
157
158
      /* Save the response parameters from the Uniterm into a HashTable
      * as our function prototype states. */
159
160
      $keys = M_ResponseKeys($uniterm_conn, $id);
     foreach ($keys as $value) {
161
162
       $response[$value]
                            = M_ResponseParam($uniterm_conn, $id, $value);
      }
163
164
165
      /* Free up some memory by purging unneeded data */
166
     M_DeleteTrans($uniterm_conn, $id);
167
168
     return $response;
169 }
170
171
172 /*! Tell Uniterm to shutdown. Since we start it up,
     * we should make sure we turn it off prior to exiting otherwise
     * the user will be prompted with an error message stating the
174
      * Uniterm is already running on the next execution
175
176
      * of this application!
      * \param[in] uniterm_conn Initialized connection to Uniterm
177
178
                                as returned by uniterm_connect()
179
180 function uniterm_shutdown($uniterm_conn)
181
182
      uniterm_sendrequest($uniterm_conn, array("u_action" => "shutdown"));
183 }
```

```
184
185
186
187 /* CODE TO EXECUTE ... */
188
190
191 /* Step1: Launch Uniterm */
192 uniterm_launch();
193 echo "Uniterm Launched\r\n";
194
195 /* Step2: Connect to Uniterm */
196  $uniterm_conn = uniterm_connect(&$errorstr);
197 if ($uniterm_conn == null) {
    echo "Failure: " . $errorstr . "\r\n";
198
199
    return;
200 }
201
202 echo "Connected to Uniterm\r\n";
203
204
205 /* Step3: Send a txnrequest to the Uniterm */
206  $params = array();
207
208 /* Append the parameters for the txnrequest */
209 $params["username"]
                          = $monetra_user;
210 $params["password"]
                            = $monetra_pass;
                          = "txnrequest";
211 $params["u_action"]
212 $params["u_devicetype"] = "ingenico_rba";
213 $params["u_device"]
                            = "USB";
214
215 /* Append the parameters for the transaction that will also get passed to
216 * Monetra such as the 'action', 'amount', etc. as described in the Monetra
     * Client Interface Protocol Specification */
217
218 $params['action'] = 'sale';
219 $params['amount']
                       = '12.00';
220 $params['ordernum'] = '123456';
221 $params['comments'] = 'u_txnrequest';
222
223 $response = uniterm_sendrequest($uniterm_conn, $params);
224 if (strcasecmp($response["code"], "AUTH") != 0) {
225
     echo "Transaction Failed.\r\n";
226 } else {
227
     echo "Transaction SUCCESSFUL!\r\n";
228 }
229
230 /* Print out all the response key/value pairs ... */
231 foreach ($response as $key => $value) {
    echo "\t" . $key . " = " . $value . "\r\n";
232
233 }
234
235 /* NOTE: No real reason to exit here ... we could just keep running
236
             Step 3 all day long as long as you keep the uniterm_conn handle.
237
             No reason to keep disconnecting and reconnecting, or
238
             starting/stopping Uniterm.
239
240
241 /* Step4: Cleanup */
```

```
242 uniterm_shutdown($uniterm_conn);
243
244 /* Connections will be automatically closed when the uniterm_conn
245 * initialized connection is closed by the destructor/garbage collector */
246
247 ?>
248
249
```

C.5 Microsoft VB.Net using libmonetra

```
1 ' Monetra Uniterm example program in VB.Net
 3 ' Depends on the libmonetra C# .Net native API (DLL)
 4 '
   ' Implemented based on the Monetra Uniterm Guide in conjunction with the
 5
   ' Monetra Client Interface Protocol Specification
 6
8
   ' Please contact support@monetra.com with any questions
9
10 Option Explicit On
11 Option Strict On
13 Imports System
14 Imports System.Collections
15 Imports System.Diagnostics
16 Imports System. Threading
17 Imports libmonetra
18
   ' On unix, compile using:
19
20
       gmcs /target:library /unsafe libmonetra.cs
21 '
       vbnc2 -r:libmonetra.dll utest.vb
22
23 Module Module1
   ' Uniterm Connectivity Information
25 ' NOTE: this is the default, it is possible to change, but 99%
26
            of deployments will probably use this Uniterm information
27
            as-is
   Private Const uniterm_host As String = "localhost"
28
29
    Private Const uniterm_port As Integer = 8123
30
    ' Authentication information
31
32
       NOTE: This information corresponds with the public test server
33
             at testbox.monetra.com:8665
    Private Const monetra_user As String = "test_retail:public"
34
35
    Private Const monetra_pass As String = "publ1ct3st"
37
   Private Function uniterm path As String
38
    Select Case Environment.OSVersion.Platform
39
      Case PlatformID.Win32NT, PlatformID.Win32S,
40
           PlatformID.Win32Windows, PlatformID.WinCE
41
       Return "C:\\Program Files\\Main Street Softworks\\Monetra Uniterm\\monetra_uniterm.exe"
       Case Else
43
       Return "/usr/local/monetra/bin/monetra_uniterm"
44
     End Select
45 End Function
```

```
46
 47
      '! Function to launch Uniterm from the current process.
 48
      ' If we don't launch it from the current process, it won't be given
 49
      ' focus! (at least on Windows this is true, until the first
 50
 51
      manual focus is performed by an end-user)
      Private Sub uniterm_launch()
 52
 53
      Dim monetra_uniterm As New Process()
 54
       monetra_uniterm.StartInfo.FileName = uniterm_path
 55
       monetra_uniterm.StartInfo.CreateNoWindow = True
 56
 57
       monetra_uniterm.Start()
 58
 59
       ' Make sure Uniterm is ready before returning,
       ' Sleep 1000ms (1s)
 60
      System. Threading. Thread. Sleep (1000)
 61
 62
      End Sub
 63
 65
      '! Function to connect to an endpoint which uses the standard 'monetra'
      ' style protocol (so either Monetra itself, or Uniterm)
 66
      ' \param[in] host Resolvable hostname or IP address to connect to
 67
 68
      ' \param[in] port
                             Port associated with hostname to establish an SSL
 69
                             connection to
 70
      ' \param[out] errorstr Textual error message if returns null
 71
      ' \return Initialized connection class on success. null on failure
 72
      Private Function uniterm_connect_host(ByVal host As String, ByVal port _
 73
                                        As Integer, ByRef errorstr As String) _
 74
                                        As Monetra
 75
       ' Initialize the Class
       Dim conn As New Monetra
 76
 77
 78
       errorstr = ""
 79
 80
       ' We always want to use an SSL connection to Monetra and Uniterm
 81
       conn.SetSSL(host, port)
 82
       ^{\mbox{\tiny I}} Do not verify the SSL certificate, Monetra and Uniterm
 83
       ' use self-signed certificates by default which cannot be validated.
 84
 85
       ' The connection is still encrypted, the endpoint just isn't strictly
 86
       ' validated
 87
       conn.VerifySSLCert(False)
 88
 89
       ' This makes it so TransSend() will block until a response is
 90
       ' received from Monetra. Simplifies the API since we will never
 91
       ' have more than one outstanding transaction per connection in
 92
      ' this application
 93
       conn.SetBlocking(True)
 94
 95
       ' Connect!
      If Not conn.Connect() Then
 96
 97
       errorstr = conn.ConnectionError()
 98
       Return Nothing
 99
       End If
100
101
      Return conn
102
    End Function
103
```

```
104
105
      '! Wrapper function to connect to the Uniterm
106
      ' \param[out] errorstr Textual error message if returns null
      ^{\shortmid} \return Initialized connection class on success. null on failure
107
108
      Private Function uniterm_connect(ByRef errorstr As String) As Monetra
109
       Dim conn As Monetra
110
       Dim myerror As String = ""
111
       conn = uniterm_connect_host(uniterm_host, uniterm_port, myerror)
112
       If conn Is Nothing Then
113
       errorstr = "Connection to Uniterm Failed: " + myerror
114
       End If
115
116
      Return conn
117
    End Function
118
119
      ' Request a transaction from Uniterm as documented in the Uniterm Guide.
120
      ' The Key/Value pair params are a combination of the Parameters as
121
      ' documented in the Uniterm Guide and the Monetra Client Interface
122
      ' Protocol Spec.
123
      ' \param[in] uniterm_conn Initialized connection to the Uniterm
124
                                 as returned by uniterm_connect()
      ' \param[in] mparams
125
                                Array of key/value parameters to send to Uniterm
126
      ' \return Hashtable of string key/value pairs from response. Please refer
                to the Uniterm Guide and Monetra Client Interface Protocol
127
128
                specification for the applicable list based on the action being
129
                performed. "code" and "u_errorcode" are always guaranteed to
130
                be returned.
131
      Private Function uniterm_sendrequest(ByVal uniterm_conn As Monetra, ByVal _
132
                                           mparams As Hashtable) As Hashtable
133
       Dim id As Integer
134
       Dim response As New Hashtable
135
136
       ' Request a new transaction from libmonetra
137
       id = uniterm_conn.TransNew()
138
139
       ' For each item in the params hashtable, add it to the transaction
       Dim kv As DictionaryEntry
140
141
       For Each kv In mparams
142
       uniterm_conn.TransKeyVal(id, CType(kv.Key, String), _
143
                                 CType(kv.Value, String))
144
       Next kv
145
       ' Send the request to the Uniterm. It will not return until a
146
       ' response is available, or a disconnect is detected
147
     If Not uniterm_conn.TransSend(id) Then
148
149
        ' Disconnect detected, return an appropriate error condition!
150
       ' This should really never happen though...
      response("code")
                               = "DENY"
151
      response("u_errorcode") = "CONN_ERROR"
152
                              = "Connection to Uniterm failed:"
153
       response("verbiage")
154
                                  + uniterm_conn.ConnectionError()
155
       Return response
156
       End If
157
158
       ' Save the response parameters from Uniterm into a
159
       ' HashTable as our function prototype states. */
160
       Dim keys() As String = uniterm_conn.ResponseKeys(id)
161
       Dim i As Integer
```

```
For i = 0 To keys.Length - 1
163
       response(keys(i)) = uniterm_conn.ResponseParam(id, keys(i))
164
       Next i
165
166
       ' Free up some memory by purging unneeded data
167
       uniterm_conn.DeleteTrans(id)
168
169
      Return response
170
     End Function
171
172
173
      '! Tell Uniterm to shutdown. Since we start it up,
      ' we should make sure we turn it off prior to exiting otherwise
174
175
      ' the user will be prompted with an error message stating the
      ' Uniterm is already running on the next execution
176
177
        of this application!
178
      '\param[in] uniterm_conn Initialized connection to Uniterm
179
                                as returned by uniterm_connect()
180
     Private Sub uniterm_shutdown(ByVal uniterm_conn As Monetra)
      Dim mparams As New Hashtable
181
182
183
      mparams("u_action") = "shutdown"
184
      uniterm_sendrequest(uniterm_conn, mparams)
185
186
      '! Main entry point to this application to be executed
187
188
     Public Sub Main()
189
      Dim uniterm_conn As Monetra
190
      Dim errorstr As String = ""
191
      Dim response As Hashtable
192
      Dim ticket As String
193
194
       ' Step1: Launch Uniterm
195
      uniterm_launch()
196
       Console.WriteLine("Uniterm Launched")
197
       ' Step2: Connect to Uniterm
198
199
      uniterm_conn = uniterm_connect(errorstr)
200
       If uniterm_conn Is Nothing Then
201
       Console.WriteLine("Failure: " + errorstr)
202
       Return
203
       End If
204
       Console.WriteLine("Connected to Uniterm")
205
206
      ' Step3: Send a txnrequest to Uniterm
207
      Dim mparams As New Hashtable
208
       ' Append the parameters for the ticket request as per the Monetra
209
      ' Uniterm Guide
210
      mparams("username")
                                = monetra_user
      mparams("password")
211
                                = monetra_pass
212
      mparams("u_action")
                              = "txnrequest"
      mparams("u_devicetype") = "ingenico_rba"
213
214
       mparams("u_device")
                               = "USB"
215
216
       ' Append the parameters for the transaction that will also get passed
217
       ' to Monetra such as the 'action', 'amount', etc. as described in the
218
       ' Monetra Client Interface Protocol Specification
219
       mparams("action") = "sale"
```

```
mparams("amount") = "12.00"
221
      mparams("ordernum") = "123456"
      mparams("comments") = "u_txnrequest"
222
223
224
      response = uniterm_sendrequest(uniterm_conn, mparams)
225
      If StrComp(CType(response("code"), String), "AUTH", _
226
                        vbTextCompare) <> 0 Then
227
       Console.WriteLine("Transaction failed.")
228
229
       Console.WriteLine("Transaction SUCCESSFUL!")
230
      End If
231
       ' Print out all the response key/value pairs ...
232
      Dim kv As DictionaryEntry
233
      For Each kv In response
234
235
       Console.WriteLine(" " + CType(kv.Key, String) + " = " + _
236
                         CType(kv.Value, String))
237
      Next kv
238
239
      ' NOTE: No real reason to exit here ... we could just keep running
240
              Step 3 all day long as long as you keep the uniterm_conn handle.
241
              No reason to keep disconnecting and reconnecting, or
242
              starting/stopping Uniterm.
243
244
      ' Step4: Cleanup
245
      uniterm_shutdown(uniterm_conn)
246
247
      ' Connections will be automatically closed when the uniterm_conn
248
       ' initialized class is closed by the destructor/garbage
249
      ' collector
250
     End Sub
251
252 End Module
253
254
```

C.6 Microsoft VBScript using XML and MSXML2

```
1 ' Monetra Uniterm example program in VBScript
 3 ' Depends on the MSXML, and Microsoft Scripting Runtime
   ' Implemented based on the Monetra Uniterm Guide in conjunction with the
 6 ' Monetra Client Interface Protocol Specification
 7
 8 ' Please contact support@monetra.com with any questions
 9
10 Option Explicit
11
12 ' Monetra Connectivity Information
13 Dim monetra_user
14 Dim monetra_pass
15
16 ' Uniterm Connectivity Information
17 Dim uniterm_host
18 Dim uniterm_port
```

```
19 Dim uniterm_path
  2.0
  21
  22 '! Function to launch Uniterm from the current process.
  23 ' If we don't launch it from the current process, it won't be given
        focus! (at least on Windows this is true, until the first
     ' manual focus is performed by an end-user)
  26 Sub uniterm_launch()
     Dim objShell
  27
  28 Dim res
  29    Set objShell = CreateObject("Wscript.Shell")
  30 res = objShell.Run("""" & uniterm_path & """", 10, FALSE)
  31
  32
      ' Make sure Uniterm is ready before returning,
  33 'Sleep 1000ms (1s)
     WScript.Sleep 1000
  34
  35 End Sub
  36
  37
  38
     '! Function to POST and XML message to a Monetra-like entity
  39 ' (Monetra or the Uniterm) via HTTPS. It will return
  40 ' the key/value pairs from the XML response
  41 '\param[in] host Host to connect to
  42 '\param[in] port
                            Port to connect to (via SSL/HTTPS)
  43 '\param[in] xml
                           String-form XML to post
  44 '\param[out] errorstr
                           If returning False, the error message, typically comms
  45 '
                             error
  46 '\param[out] myresponse Dictionary of string key/value pairs from the response.
      '\return True on successful communication, False if communication failed.
  47
         Note: True doesn't mean the transaction itself was successful.
  49 Function uniterm_https_post(ByVal host, ByVal port, ByVal xml, ByRef errorstr, _
  50
                            ByRef myresponse)
  51 Dim xmlhttp
  52 Dim xmldoc
  53
  54    Set xmlhttp = CreateObject("MSXML2.ServerXMLHTTP")
  55
  56 xmlhttp.open
                               "POST", "https://" & host & ":" & port, False
  57
                              2, 13056
      xmlhttp.setOption
      ' Set Timeouts (in milliseconds)
  58
  59
      DNS: 5s, Connect: 5s, Send: 30s, Receive: 120s
  60
      xmlhttp.setTimeouts 5000, 5000, 30000, 120000
  61
      xmlhttp.setRequestHeader "Content-Type", "text/xml"
  62
  63
     On Error Resume Next
  64
     xmlhttp.send
                              rm1
  65
     If Not Err. Number = 0 Then
     errorstr = "HTTPS POST Failed to https://" & host & ":" & port & _
  67
                 ": " & Err.Description
  68
  69
      uniterm_https_post = False
      Exit Function
  70
  71
     End If
  72
     Set xmldoc = CreateObject("Microsoft.XMLDOM")
  73
  74
  75 xmldoc.async = "false"
 76     xmldoc.loadxml(xmlhttp.responseText)
```

```
77
 78
     Dim Trans
 79
     Set Trans = xmldoc.documentElement.selectSingleNode("Resp").childNodes
 80
 81
     For Each kv In Trans
 82
 83
      myresponse(kv.nodeName) = kv.text
 84
     Next
 85
 86
    uniterm_https_post = True
 87 End Function
 88
 89
 90 '! Request a transaction from Uniterm as documented in the Uniterm Guide.
 91 ' The Key/Value pair params are a combination of the Parameters as documented
 92 ' the Uniterm Guide and the Monetra Client Interface Protocol Spec.
 93
    ' \param[in] mparams
                             Dictionary of key/value parameters to send to the
 94
                             Uniterm
    ' \param[out] errorstr
 95
                             If returning False, the error message, typically comms
 96
                             error
    ' \param[out] myresponse Dictionary of string key/value pairs from response.
 97
 98
                             Please refer to the Uniterm Guide and Monetra Client
 99 '
                             Interface Protocol specification for the applicable
100 '
                             list based on the action being performed. "code" and
101 '
                             "u_errorcode" are always guaranteed to be returned.
102 ' \return True on successful communication, False if communication failed.
             Note: True doesn't mean the transaction itself was successful.
104 Function uniterm_sendrequest(ByVal mparams, ByRef errorstr, ByRef myresponse)
105
     Dim xml
106
107
     xml = "<MonetraTrans><Trans identifier='1'>"
108
109
      ' For each item in the params dictionary, add it to the transaction
110
    Dim key
111 For Each key In mparams
     xml = xml & "<" & key & ">" & mparams(key) & "</" & key & ">"
112
113
    Next
114
115
     xml = xml & "</Trans></MonetraTrans>"
116
117
     uniterm_sendrequest = uniterm_https_post(uniterm_host, uniterm_port, xml, _
118
                                              errorstr, myresponse)
119 End Function
120
121
122 '! Tell Uniterm to shutdown. Since we start it up,
123 ' we should make sure we turn it off prior to exiting otherwise
124 ' the user will be prompted with an error message stating the
125 ' Uniterm is already running on the next execution
126 ' of this application!
127 Sub uniterm_shutdown()
    Dim myresponse
128
129
     Dim errorstr
130
     Dim mparams
131
132
    Set mparams = CreateObject("Scripting.Dictionary")
133
    mparams("u_action") = "shutdown"
134
```

```
135 uniterm_sendrequest mparams, errorstr, myresponse
      ' No need for error checking in this function as we don't
136
137 ' care if this fails
138 End Sub
139
140
     '! Main entry point to this application to be executed
141
142
    ' Uniterm Connectivity Information
143
144 'NOTE: this is the default, it is possible to change, but 99%
145 '
             of deployments will probably use this Uniterm information
146 '
147 uniterm_host = "localhost"
148 uniterm_port = 8123
149 uniterm_path = "C:\\Program Files\\Main Street Softworks\\Monetra Uniterm\\monetra_uniterm.exe
150
151 ' Authentication information
152
    ' NOTE: This information corresponds with the public test server
            at testbox.monetra.com:8665
154 monetra_user = "test_retail:public"
155 monetra_pass = "publ1ct3st"
156
157
158 Dim errorstr
159 Dim mparams
160 Dim myresp
161 Dim msg
162
163 errorstr = ""
164
165 ' Step1: Launch Uniterm
166 uniterm_launch
167 MsgBox("Uniterm Launched")
168
169
170 ' Step2: Send txnrequest to Uniterm
171
172  Set myresp = CreateObject("Scripting.Dictionary")
173    Set mparams = CreateObject("Scripting.Dictionary")
174
    ' Append the parameters for the txnrequest
175 mparams("username")
                            = monetra_user
176 mparams("password")
                            = monetra_pass
177 mparams("u_action")
                            = "txnrequest"
178 mparams("u_devicetype") = "ingenico_rba"
179 mparams("u_device")
                            = "USB"
180
181 ' Append the parameters for the transaction that will also get passed
182 ' to Monetra such as the 'action', 'amount', etc. as described in the
183 ' Monetra Client Interface Protocol Specification
184 mparams("action") = "sale"
                        = "12.00"
185 mparams("amount")
186 mparams("ordernum") = "123456"
187
    mparams("comments") = "u_txnrequest"
188
189 If Not uniterm_sendrequest(mparams, errorstr, myresp) Then
190 MsgBox errorstr
191
    WScript.Quit 1
192 End If
```

```
193
194 If StrComp(myresp("code"), "AUTH", vbTextCompare) <> 0 Then
    msg = "Transaction failed." & vbNewLine
196 Else
197
    msg = "Transaction SUCCESSFUL!" & vbNewLine
198 End If
199
200 ' Print out all the response key/value pairs ...
201 Dim key
202 For Each key In myresp
203 msg = msg & " " & key & " = " & myresp(key) & vbNewLine
204 Next
205
206 MsgBox (msg)
207
208
209 ' NOTE: No real reason to exit here ... we could just keep running
210 '
            Step 2 all day long. No reason to keep starting/stopping the
211 '
            Uniterm.
212
213 ' Step3: Cleanup
214 uniterm_shutdown
215
216
217
218
219
```

C.7 Microsoft Visual Basic 6 using libmonetra

```
1 Attribute VB_Name = "Module1"
 2 ' Monetra Uniterm example program in VB6
 3
 4 ' Depends on the libmonetra C# .Net native API (DLL) (has COM hooks)
 6 ' Must add reference to libmonetra and Microsoft Scripting Runtime
 8 ' Implemented based on the Monetra Uniterm Guide in conjunction with the
  ' Monetra Client Interface Protocol Specification
10
   ' Please contact support@monetra.com with any questions
11
13 Option Explicit
14
15 ' MonetraInformation
16 Dim monetra_user As String
17 Dim monetra_pass As String
19 ' Uniterm Connectivity Information
20 Dim uniterm_host As String
21 Dim uniterm_port As Integer
22 Dim uniterm_path As String
24 Private Declare Sub Sleep Lib "kernel32.dll" (ByVal dwMilliseconds As Long)
26 '! Function to launch Uniterm from the current process.
```

```
27 ' If we don't launch it from the current process, it won't be given
 28 ' focus! (at least on Windows this is true, until the first
 29 ' manual focus is performed by an end-user)
 30 Sub uniterm_launch()
 31
     Dim id As Double
     id = Shell("""" & uniterm_path & """", vbNormalFocus)
 32
 33
 34
      ' Make sure Uniterm is ready before returning,
 35
      ' Sleep 1000ms (1s)
 36
     Sleep (1000)
 37 End Sub
 38
 39
 40 '! Function to connect to an endpoint which uses the standard 'monetra'
     ' style protocol (so either Monetra itself, or Uniterm)
 41
 42 '\param[in] host
                           Resolvable hostname or IP address to connect to
 43 '\param[in] port
                            Port associated with hostname to establish an SSL
 44
              connection to
     ' \param[out] errorstr Textual error message if returns null
 46 ' \return Initialized connection class on success. null on failure
 47 Function uniterm_connect_host(ByVal host As String, ByVal port As Integer, _
        ByRef errorstr As String) As IMonetra
 48
 49
     ' Initialize the Class
     Dim conn As IMonetra
 50
 51
     Set conn = New Monetra
 52
 53
     errorstr = ""
 54
 55
      ' We always want to use an SSL connection to Monetra and Uniterm
 56
      conn.SetSSL host, port
 57
 58
      ^{\prime} Do not verify the SSL certificate, Monetra and Uniterm
 59
      ' use self-signed certificates by default which cannot be validated.
      ' The connection is still encrypted, the endpoint just isn't strictly
 60
 61
      ' validated
     conn.VerifySSLCert False
 62
 63
      ' This makes it so TransSend() will block until a response is
 64
      ' received from Monetra. Simplifies the API since we will never
 65
      ' have more than one outstanding transaction per connection in
 66
 67
      ' this application
 68
     conn.SetBlocking True
 69
 70
      ' Connect!
 71
     If Not conn.Connect() Then
 72
     errorstr = conn.ConnectionError()
 73
      Set uniterm_connect_host = Nothing
 74
      Exit Function
 75
 76
 77
    Set uniterm_connect_host = conn
 78 End Function
 79
 80
 81
     '! Wrapper function to connect to Uniterm
     ' \param[out] errorstr Textual error message if returns null
    ' \return Initialized connection class on success. null on failure
 84 Function uniterm_connect(ByRef errorstr As String) As IMonetra
```

```
Dim conn As IMonetra
 86
     Dim myerror As String
 87
    myerror = ""
 88
 89
     Set conn = uniterm_connect_host(uniterm_host, uniterm_port, myerror)
     If conn Is Nothing Then
 91
      errorstr = "Connection to Uniterm Failed: " & myerror
 92
     End If
 93
    Set uniterm_connect = conn
 94 End Function
 95
 96
    ' Request a transaction from Uniterm as documented in the Monetra Uniterm
 97
 98 ' Guide. The Key/Value pair params are a combination of the Parameters as
 99 ' Uniterm Guide and the Monetra Client Interface Protocol Spec.
100 ' \param[in] uniterm_conn Initialized connection to Unitermas returned by
101
                                connect_to_uniterm()
102
    ' \param[in] mparams
                                Dictionary of key/value parameters to send to
103
                                Uniterm
104
    ' \return Dictionary of string key/value pairs from response. Please refer
105 \,^{\prime}\, to the Uniterm Guide and Monetra Client Interface Protocol
106 ' specification for the applicable list based on the action being
107 ' performed. "code" and "u_errorcode" are always guaranteed to
108 ' be returned.
109 Function uniterm_sendrequest(ByVal uniterm_conn As IMonetra, _
110
         ByVal mparams As Dictionary) _
111
         As Dictionary
112
    Dim id As Integer
113
     Dim myresponse As New Dictionary
114
115
      ' Request a new transaction from libmonetra
116
     id = uniterm_conn.TransNew()
117
118
     ' For each item in the params dictionary, add it to the transaction
119
    Dim key
120
    For Each key In mparams
      uniterm_conn.TransKeyVal id, key, mparams(key)
122
    Next key
123
124
      ' Send the request to the Uniterm. It will not return until a
125
      ' response is available, or a disconnect is detected
126
     If Not uniterm_conn.TransSend(id) Then
127
       ' Disconnect detected, return an appropriate error condition!
128
      ' This should really never happen though...
     myresponse("code") = "DENY"
129
130
      myresponse("u_errorcode") = "CONN_ERROR"
131
      myresponse("verbiage") = "Connection to Uniterm failed: " _
           & uniterm_conn.ConnectionError()
133
      Set uniterm_sendrequest = myresponse
134
      Exit Function
135
     End If
136
137
      ' Save the response parameters from the Uniterm into a HashTable
138
      ' as our function prototype states.
139
     Dim keys() As String
140
     keys = uniterm_conn.ResponseKeys(id)
141
     Dim i As Integer
142 For i = LBound(keys) To UBound(keys)
```

```
143 myresponse(keys(i)) = uniterm_conn.ResponseParam(id, keys(i))
144
     Next i
145
146
      ' Free up some memory by purging unneeded data
147
      uniterm_conn.DeleteTrans (id)
148
149
     Set uniterm_sendrequest = myresponse
150 End Function
151
152
153
    '! Tell Uniterm to shutdown. Since we start it up, we should make sure we
154 ' turn it off prior to exiting otherwise the user will be prompted with an
155 ' error message stating Uniterm is already running on the next execution
156 ' of this application!
157 ' \gamma \param[in] uniterm_conn Initialized connection to Uniterm as returned by
158 '
                  connect_to_uniterm()
159 Sub uniterm_shutdown(ByVal uniterm_conn As IMonetra)
     Dim mparams As New Dictionary
160
161
162 mparams("u_action") = "shutdown"
163
    uniterm_sendrequest uniterm_conn, mparams
164 End Sub
165
166
167 '! Main entry point to this application to be executed
168 Sub Main()
169
     ' Uniterm Connectivity Information
      ' NOTE: this is the default, it is possible to change, but 99%
170
171
              of deployments will probably use this Uniterm information
172
              as-is
     uniterm_host = "localhost"
173
174
     uniterm_port = 8123
175
     uniterm_path = "C:\\Program Files\\Main Street Softworks\\Monetra Uniterm\\monetra_uniterm.ex
176
177
      ' Authentication information
      ' NOTE: This information corresponds with the public test server
178
179
             at testbox.monetra.com:8665
180
     monetra_user = "test_retail:public"
181
     monetra_pass = "publ1ct3st"
182
183
     Dim uniterm_conn As IMonetra
184
     Dim errorstr As String
185
     Dim myresp As Dictionary
186
     Dim msg As String
187
188
     errorstr = ""
189
190
     ' Step1: Launch Uniterm
191
     uniterm_launch
192
     MsgBox ("Uniterm Launched")
193
194
      ' Step2: Connect to Uniterm
195
      Set uniterm_conn = uniterm_connect(errorstr)
     If uniterm_conn Is Nothing Then
196
197
      MsgBox ("Failure: " & errorstr)
198
      Exit Sub
199
     End If
200
```

```
MsgBox ("Connected to the Uniterm")
202
203
     ' Step3: Send a txnrequest to Uniterm
204
     Dim mparams As New Dictionary
205
     ' Append the parameters for the ticket request as per the Uniterm Guide
206
     mparams("username")
                           = monetra_user
207
     mparams("password") = monetra_pass
mparams("u_action") = "txnrequest"
208
209
     mparams("u_devicetype") = "ingenico_rba"
210
     mparams("u_device")
                             = "USB"
211
212
      ' Append the parameters for the transaction that will also get passed
213
      ' to Monetra such as the 'action', 'amount', etc. as described in the
214
     ' Monetra Client Interface Protocol Specification
215
                             = "sale"
     mparams("action")
                             = "12.00"
216
     mparams("amount")
217
     mparams("ordernum")
                              = "123456"
218
     mparams("comments")
                             = "u_txnrequest"
219
220
     Set myresp = uniterm_sendrequest(uniterm_conn, mparams)
221
    If StrComp(myresp("code"), "AUTH", vbTextCompare) <> 0 Then
222
     msg = "Transaction failed." & vbNewLine
223
224
     msg = "Transaction SUCCESSFUL!" & vbNewLine
225
    End If
226
227
     ' Print out all the response key/value pairs ...
228
     Dim key
229
     For Each key In myresp
230
      msg = msg & " " & key & " = " & myresp(key) & vbNewLine
231
     Next key
232
     MsgBox (msg)
233
      ^{\prime} NOTE: No real reason to exit here \dots we could just keep running
234
235
             Step 3 all day long as long as you keep the uniterm_conn handle.
             No reason to keep disconnecting and reconnecting, or
236
237
              starting/stopping Uniterm.
238
239
     ' Step4: Cleanup
240
     uniterm_shutdown uniterm_conn
241
      ' Connections will be automatically closed when the uniterm_conn initialized
243
     ' class is cleaned up by the destructor/garbage collector
244 End Sub
245
246
247
```

D PCI Security and Implementation

The below details the various security and PCI requirements and how deployments may be impacted. Integrators and distributors should read this section prior to any production deployments.

TOPIC	DISCUSSION
Delete sensitive authentication data stored by previous payment application versions.	UniTerm has never stored any sensitive authentication data.
Delete any sensitive authentication data (pre- authorization) gathered as a result of troubleshooting the payment application.	UniTerm has never stored any sensitive authentication data, even for troubleshooting purposes.
Securely delete cardholder data after customer-defined retention period.	UniTerm never stores cardholder data.
Mask PAN when displayed so only personnel with a business need can see the full PAN.	UniTerm mandates the use of users with the obscured flag, therefore it is not possible that the full PAN can ever be returned.
Render PAN unreadable anywhere it is stored (including data on portable digital media, backup media, and in logs).	UniTerm never stores cardholder data, nor does it have its own logging facilities.
Protect keys used to secure cardholder data against disclosure and misuse.	UniTerm never stores cardholder data and therefore does not utilize keys.
Implement key-management processes and procedures for cryptographic keys used for encryption of cardholder data.	UniTerm never stores cardholder data and therefore does not utilize keys.
Implement secure key- management functions.	UniTerm never stores cardholder data and therefore does not utilize keys.
Provide a mechanism to render irretrievable cryptographic key material or cryptograms stored by the payment application.	UniTerm never stores cardholder data and therefore does not utilize keys.
Use unique user IDs and secure authentication for	UniTerm does not provide or facilitate administrative access.

administrative access and access to cardholder data.	
Use unique user IDs and secure authentication for access to PCs, servers, and databases with payment applications.	UniTerm does not provide or facilitate administrative or remote access.
Implement automated audit trails.	UniTerm does not provide its own logging facilities, instead all requests are sent to Monetra which logs and maintains the audit trails on behalf of UniTerm.
Facilitate centralized logging.	Since UniTerm sends all requests and metadata to Monetra, Monetra is responsible for facilitating centralized logging.
Implement and communicate application versioning methodology.	Please see the Versioning section.
Securely implement wireless technology.	UniTerm is not designed to use or facilitate the use of wireless technologies.
Secure transmissions of cardholder data over wireless networks.	UniTerm is not designed to use or facilitate the use of wireless technologies.
Provide instructions for secure use of wireless technology.	Integrators should ensure they secure any wireless technologies in use in compliance with the requirements in PA-DSS Requirement 6.3
Use only necessary and secure services, protocols, components and dependent software and hardware, including those provided by third parties.	UniTerm communicates only via SSL/TLS using proprietary protocols.
Store cardholder data only on servers not connected to the Internet	UniTerm never stores cardholder data.
Implement two-factor authentication for all remote access to payment application that originates from outside the customer environment.	UniTerm never stores cardholder data, nor does it provide access to cardholder data. Integrators must ensure that all remote access originating from outside the customer's network to a payment application (Monetra) must use two-factor authentication.
Securely deliver remote payment application updates.	Integrators must securely deliver updates to UniTerm in compliance with the Deployment section. Deployments must be done in accordance with the PCI PA-DSS requirement 10.3.
Securely implement remoteaccess software.	Main Street Softworks will never reach out to a remote customer network. If an Integrator chooses to support remote

	access for management they must do so in compliance with PA-DSS Requirement 10.3.2.
Secure transmissions of cardholder data over public networks.	UniTerm communicates only via SSL/TLS using proprietary protocols.
Encrypt cardholder data sent over end-user messaging technologies.	UniTerm does not facilitate or support the use of end-user messaging technologies.
Encrypt non-console administrative access.	UniTerm does not provide or facilitate administrative access.